Low Maintenance Filter

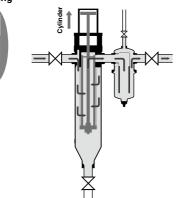
FN1/FN4 Series



Operating Principle

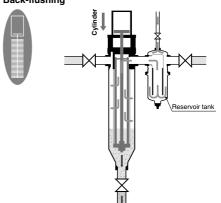
FN1 Series





The element compressed by the cylinder filters the fluid.

Back-flushing



Fluid flow

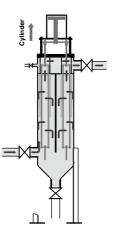
→ Air flow

As the cylinder extends downward, the element is decompressed.

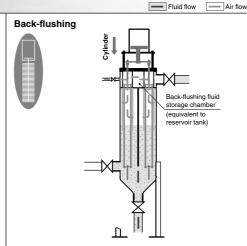
Air pressure forces the fluid in the reservoir tank out to the filter and back-flushes the element.

FN4 Series

Filtering



The element compressed by the cylinder filters the fluid.

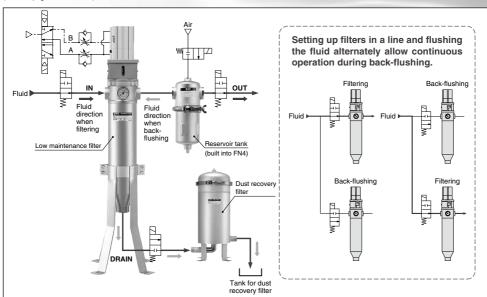


As the cylinder extends downward, the element is decompressed.

Air pressure forces the fluid in the back-flushing fluid storage chamber (equivalent to reservoir tank) out to the filter and back-flushes the element.

Automatic Cleaning

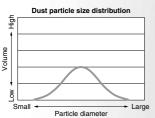
System circuit allows the automatic cleaning of element when clogged. (Refer to page 94 for details.)



Two types of elements to match different fluid conditions

······ Cylindrical type ······ <Construction> The cylindrical type construction has a smooth surface since the dimen-Dust particle size distribution sion of the filter plate and wave washer are the same Wave washe /olume Conceptual view of cylindrical element surface Small ► Large Particle diameter

<Selection> Suitable for cases where there are dust particles with a narrow size distribution. Upstream-side applicable dust particle size distribution ····· Step type ···



<Construction> The step type construction has an uneven (stepped) surface since the dimension of the filter plate and wave washer are different.

(Two-step filter in which outer step stops large-diameter dust particles and the inner step stops small-diameter dust particles.)



Conceptual view of step-type element surface

Upstream-side applicable dust particle size distribution <Selection> Suitable for cases where there are dust particles with a wide size distribution.



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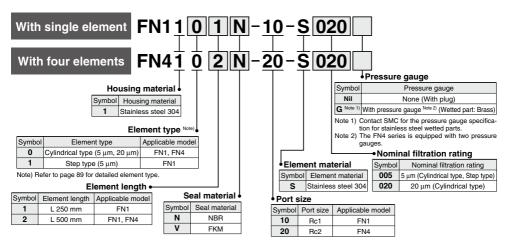
EB ES□

Low Maintenance Filter

FN1/FN4 Series ROHS



How to Order



Specifications

Filter

	Model	FN1101	FN1111	FN1102	FN1112	FN4102	
Ele	ement dimension	ø65 x 250 L ø65 x 500 L					
Flu	uid	Coolant (oil-based	or water-soluble),	Weak alkaline clea	ning fluid, Cutting o	oil, Industrial water	
Or	erating pressure			Max. 1.0 MPa			
FΙι	uid temperature Note 1)	Max	c. 80°C (For wi	th pressure ga	uge: 60°C or le	ess)	
Flo	ow rate Note 2)	Approx.	40 L/min	Approx.	80 L/min	Approx. 250 L/min	
Po	rt size	Rc1 (IN, OUT, DRAIN) Rc2					
Ma	nterial	Bowl and Cover: Stainless steel 304, O-ring: NBR/FKM					
	Material	Stainless steel 304					
Element	Construction	Cylindrical type	Step type	Cylindrical type	Step type	Cylindrical type	
틸	Nominal filtration rating	5 μm, 20 μm	5 μm	5 μm, 20 μm	5 μm	5 μm, 20 μm	
	Differential pressure proof	0.6 MPa					
Re	servoir tank capacity	Approx. 1.1 L (when reservoir is set separately) Approx. 1.8 L (when reservoir is set separately) Approx.			Approx. 6 L		
We	eight	13 kg	12.5 kg	15 kg	14.5 kg	65 kg	

Note 1) The temperature will be 0°C to 60°C when the auto switch is mounted on the cylinder. Note 2) Fluid: Water; Nominal filtration: 20 μm; Pressure drop: 0.02 MPa or less.

Operating Part

Model		CDLQB63-□D-F(FN1), CDLQA100-50-F(FN4)
Auto switch		None (Built-in magnet) Note)
Fluid		Air
Int	roduced pressure	0.25 to 0.3 MPa
Ţ	Unlocking pressure	0.2 MPa or more
S,	Locking pressure	0.05 MPa or more
	Locking direction	Extension locking

Note) Auto switch must be ordered separately. Refer to the CLQ series (Compact Cylinder with Lock) "Best Pneumatics No.2-2" for details.



Options (Sold separately)

Reservoir tank: FNR Series

This tank is used to store sufficient fluid for back-flushing (for the FN1 series).

* Not required for the FN4, which has a built-in tank.

How to Order



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FQ1 FN EB = ES =



Port size
Symbol Port size
10 Rc1

Symbol Material N NBR V FKM

Specifications

lodel	FNR100N-10	R100N-10 FNR100V-10 FNR101N-10		FNR101V-10	
acity	1.1	I L	1.8 L		
	Rc1				
pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa				
perature	Max. 80°C				
Bowl & Cover	Stainless steel 304				
O-ring	NBR	FKM	NBR	FKM	
	1.5	kg	1.9 kg		
e filter	FN11□1□ (E	lement L 250)	FN11□2□ (Element L 500)		
	pressure perature Bowl & Cover O-ring	pressure perature Bowl & Cover O-ring NBR	1.1 L R	1.1 L 1.8 Rc1	



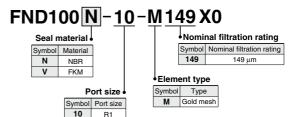
Dust recovery filter (produced upon receipt of order)

This filter is for recovering dust from fluid after element back-flushing. It enables re-use of the element (gold mesh).

How to Order







Specifications

Model		FND100N-10-M149X0	FND100V-10-M149X0		
Port size		R1			
Operating pressure		Max. 0.7 MPa			
Fluid temperature		Max. 80°C			
	Bowl & Cover	Stainless steel 304			
Material	O-ring	NBR	FKM		
	Element	Stainless steel 304			
Element nominal filtration rating		149 μm			
Weight		7.5 kg			

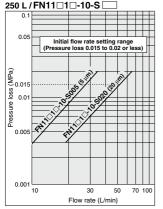
Note) Produced upon receipt of order.



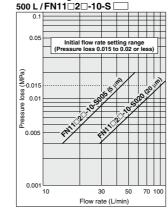
Flow Rate Characteristics (Initial Value)

- ◆ Test fluid: Tap water ◆ Liquid temperature: 17 to 20°C (Room temperature)
- Test method: Per SMC test method

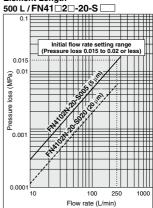
Element Length



Element Length



Element Length

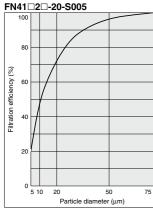


Filtration Characteristics

- Fluid: Tap water Flow rate: 20 L/min Liquid temperature: Room temperature Test dust: AC course
- Test method: Per SMC test method

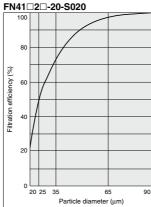
$5 \mu m$

FN11 - - 10-S005



20 μm

FN11 - - 10-S020



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FGF

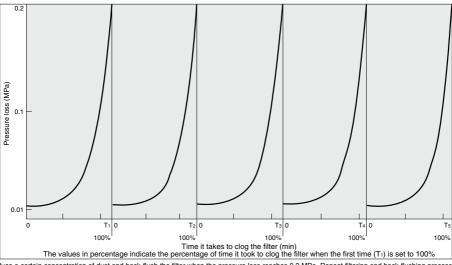
FGH FQ1 FΝ EB ĒS□

Blocking Characteristics (Repeatability)

● Fluid: Tap water ● Supply pressure: 0.2 MPa ● Flow rate: 20 L/min ● Test dust: AC course test dust

• Test method: Per SMC test method

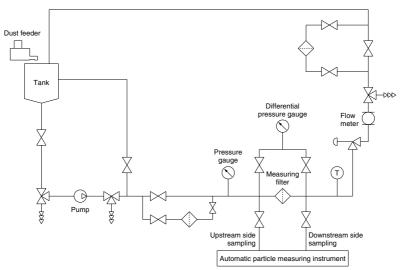
Filter part no.: FN1101N-10-S□, FN4102N-20-S□ Element: END100-020 (Cylindrical type, 20 μ m)



Introduce a certain concentration of dust and back-flush the filter when the pressure loss reaches 0.2 MPa. Repeat filtering and back-flushing process (up to five times shown in the graphs).

The graphs above show that the initial pressure loss ($\triangle P = 0.015$ MPa) and time it takes to reach the pressure loss of $\triangle P = 0.2$ MPa return to the rough initial value even after repeated back-flushing.

Measurement Circuit



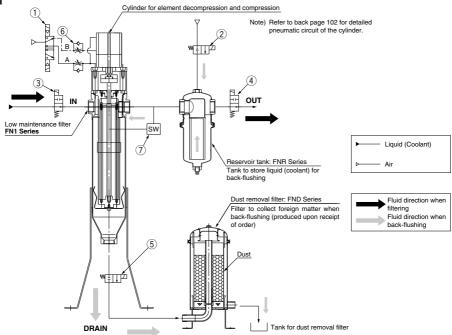
93

Piping Example

FN1/FN4 Series Low Maintenance Filter cannot be used alone.

Please follow the component configuration and operation steps illustrated below.

FN₁



The products indicated in the table below refer to coolant related products. The SGC and VNC series coolant valves **Example of Connection Device** (with bodies made of cast iron) cannot be used with any fluids (such as industrial water) other than coolant.

No.	Description	Device	No.	Description	Device
1	Cylinder driving valve	5-port solenoid valve	5	Drain valve	Coolant valve
2	Air supply valve	Process valve	6	Speed controller	Speed controller
3	IN side valve	Coolant valve	-	Differential pressure	Differential pressure switch
4	OUT side valve	Coolant valve	′	switch	Differential pressure controller

Step

2

3 IN side valve: Close

4 OUT side valve: Close

Operation description

ing fluid.

Stops fluid supply to the filter.

Seals the filter and reservoir tank contain-

Series inside () indicate SMC products

sigr Nur

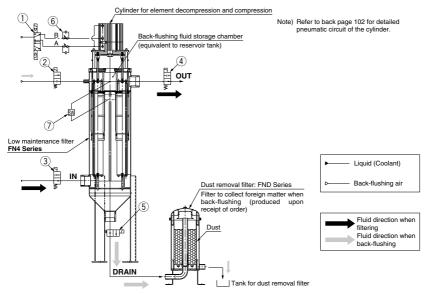
Note) Please check the fluid compatibility with each device when selecting connection device

Actuation exa	nple			Back-flushing	.
		tration plenishme	ent	start Back-flushing	Filtration Fluid replenishment
① Cylinder	ON _		4	1	
driving valve ② Air supply valve	OFF Open		3	2	
IN side valve	Close Open _		1		
OUT side valve	Close Open _		2	5	
9 001 side vaive	Close		5	3	
⑤ Drain valve	Open _ Close				
* Back-flushing switch	ON _ OFF				
* The	M/C eton e	hae leanis	٥.	ianal for elem	ent cloaging (differential

	OIN _						S			Supplies the fluid in the reservoir tank to
	OFF		3		2		back-flus	3	② Air supply valve: Open	the filter.
e	Open _	<u>: :</u>			i	<u>i i</u>	12		0.000	I
•	Close	1 1		1		1 1	👸	4	Cylinder driving valve:	Lowers the cylinder to decompress the
	Open	: :	1			1 1	=	~	ON	element.
	Close	: :		1 :	5		When			
2	Open _		2				>	5	5 Drain valve: Open	The fluid in the reservoir tank passes through the decompressed element and
	Close	: :			4					forces out to the tank.
			5		3			1	① Cylinder driving valve:	Raises the cylinder to compress the
	Open _	: :		,			filtering	1'	OFF	element.
	Close	1 1				1 1	<u>=</u>	<u> </u>	(a) A: A A A A	Channel and the state of
	ON	1 1		h :		1 1	۱ŧ	12	2 Air supply valve: Close	Stops pressure feed.
h	OFF _	: :		! —		: : :	<u></u>	3	5 Drain valve: Close	
		i i	ad a c	ianal fe	ı vr olon	ment clogging (differential	When	4	4 OUT side valve: Open	
gna	al switch)	are used	d to st	art bac	k-flusi	hing.	>	5	③ IN side valve: Open	
ım	pers in the	e cnart i	naicat	e tne c	raer to	for each operation.				

SMC





The products indicated in the table below refer to coolant related products. The SGC and VNC series coolant valves **Example of Connection Device** (with bodies made of cast iron) cannot be used with any fluids (such as industrial water) other than coolant.

No.	Description	Device	No.	Description	Device
1	Cylinder driving valve	5-port solenoid valve	5	Drain valve	Coolant valve
2	Air supply valve	Process valve	6	Speed controller	Speed controller
3	IN side valve	Coolant valve	-	Differential pressure	Differential pressure switch
4	OUT side valve	Coolant valve	١,	switch	Differential pressure controller

Series inside () indicate SMC products

Note) Please check the fluid compatibility with each device when selecting connection device.

Cylinder for element decompression and compression

- Do not overthrottle the speed controller when adjusting the cylinder retraction speed (element decompression). If the element is decompressed too slowly, the back-flushing may become ineffective.
- Refer to back page 102 for "Cylinder for element decompression and compression" regarding the detailed pneumatic circuit of the cylinder and lock.

2. Reservoir tank installation

 Installation of a reservoir tank (optional) is recommended to store fluid for back-flushing. If a reservoir tank is not going to be installed, make sure to allow piping capacity equivalent to a size of reservoir between the low maintenance filter and air supply valve.

The FN4 series is equipped with a back-flushing fluid storage chamber equivalent to a reservoir tank, so there is no need to install an optional reservoir tank.

3. Air pressure

- Set the pressure of the air supply valve to 0.25 to 0.3 MPa.
 Increasing the pressure will not improve the back-flushing effect.
- Use the same set pressure for the supply pressure of the lock cylinder. Exceeding this pressure range may increase the load applied to the filtering plate when the element is compressed, causing malfunction.

4 IN side circuit

 Devise the by-pass circuit on the upstream side of IN side valve to prevent the line pressure during back-flushing from rising and to protect the pump.

5. Others

- The filter should be back-flushed until the differential pressure reaches 0.1 MPa to avoid a drop in the flow rate due to the element clogging and to maintain back-flushing efficiency.
- Time it takes to clog the element varies depending on the dust condition. Monitor the clogging condition of the element using a detection switch for differential pressure.
- Since the element of this low maintenance filter provides rough filtration efficiency (with current notch wire level), it can be used as a pre-filter to extend the life of the check filter depending on the fluid condition in use.

Installing these low maintenance filters side by side to use them alternately enables continuous operation during back-flushing. Use an element with 500 mm in length for highly contaminated fluid. A sufficient flow rate can be ensured by installing two to three low maintenance filters in a row in case of the insufficient flow capacity.



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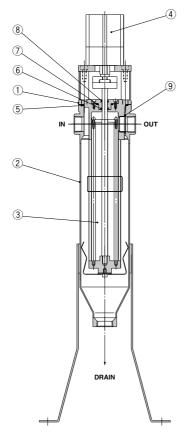
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F١

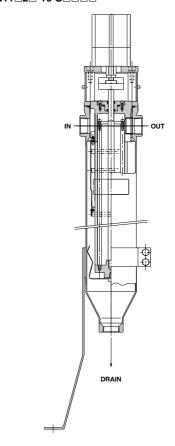
EB

ES

Construction



FN11 2 - 10-S = = =



Component Parts

No.	Description	Material	Note					
1	Cover SCS13							
2	Bowl	Bowl SCS13						
3	Element	Stainless steel	ø65 x 250 L					
3	Element	304	ø65 x 500 L					
4	Compact	FN11□1	CDLQB63-30D-F					
4	cylinder with lock	FN11□2	CDLQB63-50D-F					

Replacement Element

	Model	Order no.	Quantity	Note
		END100-005	1	5 μm, Cylindrical type
	FN11□1□	END100-020	1	20 μm, Cylindrical type
		END110-005	1	5 μm, Step type
		END200-005	1	5 μm, Cylindrical type
	FN11□2□	END200-020	1	20 μm, Cylindrical type
		END210-005	1	5 um. Step type

Replacement Parts

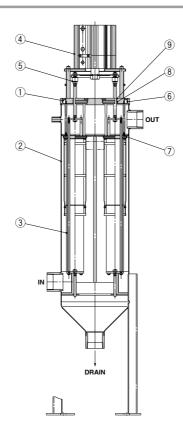
No.	Description	Quantity	Material
5	O-ring	1	
6	Penta seal	1	
7	O-ring	1	NBR or FKM
8	Scraper	1	
9	O-ring	1	

Replacement Parts: Seal Kit

Model	Order no.	Material	Note
FN11□□N	KT-FN11N	NBR	Items (5) through (9) from the
FN11□□V	KT-FN11V	FKM	above chart, 1 pc. each

Construction

FN4102□-20-S□



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Component Parts

No.	Description	Note
1	Cover	
2	Bowl	
3	Element	ø65 x 500 L
4	Compact cylinder with lock	CDLQA100-50D-F
5	Floating joint	JA20-8-125

Replacement Element

Model	Order no.	Quantity	Note
FN4102□	END400-005	4	5 μm
FN4102	END400-020	4	20 μm

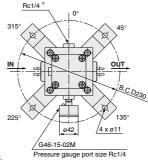
Replacement Parts

No.	Description	Quantity	Material	
6	O-ring	4		
7 (O-ring	4	NBR	
8	Penta seal	4	or FKM	
9	Scraper	4		

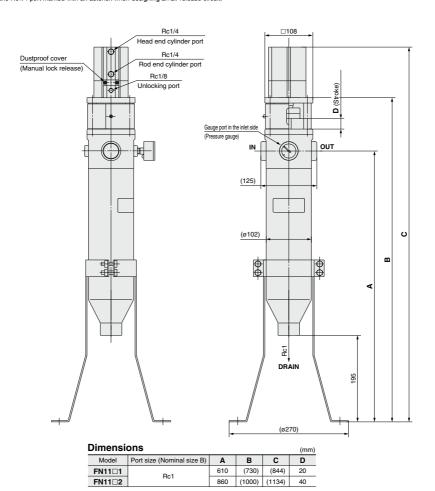
Replacement Parts: Seal Kit

Model	Order no.	Material	Note	
FN4102N	KT-FN41N	NBR	Items 6 through 9 from the	
FN4102V	KT-FN41V	FKM	above chart, 1 pc. each	

Dimensions: FN1

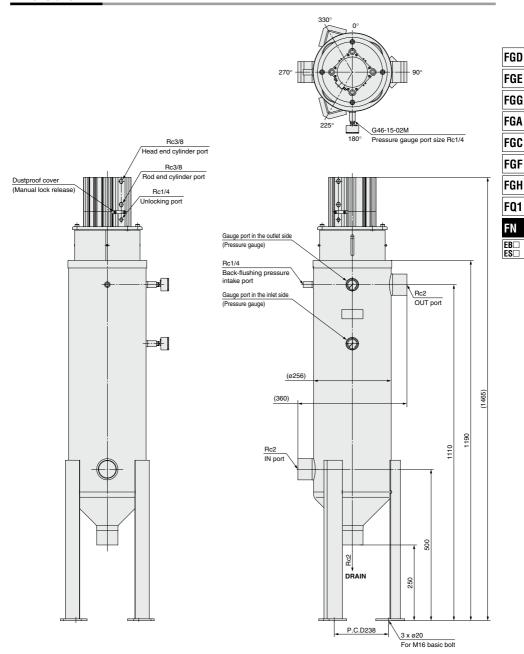


Note) Use the Rc1/4 port marked with an asterisk when designing an air release circuit.



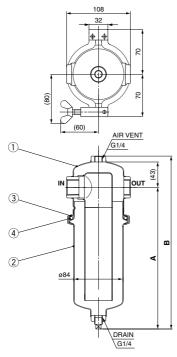
Low Maintenance Filter FN1/FN4 Series

Dimensions: FN4



Construction/Dimensions: Reservoir Tank, Dust Recovery Filter (Options, sold separately)

Reservoir tank (when using the FN1)



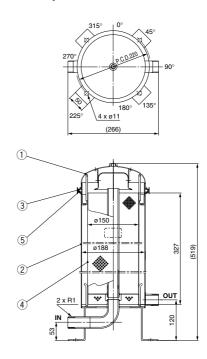
Component Parts

No.	Description	Material	Note
1	Cover	Stainless steel 304	
2 Bowl		Stainless steel 304	
3	V-band	Stainless steel 304	

Replacement Parts

No	. Description	n Material	Quantity	Note
4	O-ring	NBR	1	OR NBR-70-1 P85
-	U-ring	FKM	1	OR FKM-70 P85

Dust recovery filter



Component Parts

No.	Description Material		Note
1	Cover	Stainless steel 304	
2	Bowl	Stainless steel 304	
3	V-band	Stainless steel 304	

Replacement Parts

į	No.	Description	Material	Quantity	Note
	4	Element	Stainless steel 304	1	EZH710AS-149
•	5	O-ring	NBR	1	FGE-KT001
			FKM	1	FGE-KT002



FN1/FN4 Series Specific Product Precautions 1

Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions.

Design

- 1. Do not operate exceeding the operating pressure range.
- 2. Do not operate exceeding the operating temperature range.
- 3. Fluid

Do not operate with gases.

4. Fatique failure

Be sure to implement necessary measures for the following operating conditions:

- 1) When surge pressure is applied to the element
- 2) Unstable filter causes sliding or vibration.
- When the element repeatedly expands and shrinks due to thermal effect.
- 5. Pressure drop

Adjust the initial pressure drop to 0.02 MPa or less.

6. Corrosion

Corrosion may occur depending on the operating condition and environment.

The wetted part of the pressure gauge is made of brass. Confirm the compatibility with fluid in use.

Selection

\land Warning

- For model selection, confirm application purpose, required specification, and operating condition (such as fluid, pressure, flow rate, temperature, and environment) so that the selected model is within the specified range.
- 2. Do not use at temperature that exceeds the boiling point of the fluid.
- 3. Never use with gases, including air.
- 4. Do not use in locations where pressure rises over 1 MPa due to water hammer or surge pressure.

Fluid

\land Warning

- A low maintenance filter should be used for filtering coolant (oil-based or water-soluble), cutting oil, weak alkaline cleaning fluid, or industrial water. There may be circumstances where a seal or an Oring deteriorates, causing leakage.
- When fluid with high viscosity such as oil is used, the differential pressure increases, causing the flow rate to decrease. Please thoroughly check the applicability of the fluid to decide whether it is used.

Piping

∧ Caution

1. Ensure sufficient clearance for maintenance when piping.

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Before piping is connected, it should be thoroughly flushed out with air or water to remove chips, cutting oil, and other debris.

Before piping is connected, confirm IN and OUT sides.

4. Connection

When screwing together pipes and fittings, be certain that chips from the pipe threads and sealing material do not get inside the piping.

Also, when sealant tape is used, leave 1.5 to 2 thread ridges exposed at the end of the male threads.

5. Line flushing

Flush the piping lines at the time of initial use and when replacing the element.

Connect piping to prevent rise of line pressure on the IN side at the time of back-flushing.

When starting normal operation after back-flushing, release residual pressure in the filter to completely replace the air with the fluid.

Operating Environment

⚠ Caution

 Discoloration or material deterioration may occur in an atmosphere where there is a possibility of corrosion.

As a corrosion advances, the filter will lose its function.

When the filter used in locations where there is a vibration or impact, fatigue failure may occur. Provide proper reinforcement for operation.

Maintenance

⚠ Caution

- The pressure drop fluctuates depending on operating conditions. Since the pressure drop is one of the factors indicating filter characteristics, set a control standard for the filter.
- Be sure to conduct a back-flush to prevent dust adhesion before operation stop (pause).
- If it is necessary to remove the element for cleaning or to replace the element, refer to the disassembly and assembly instructions in the operating manual for the product when performing maintenance.





FN1/FN4 Series Specific Product Precautions 2

Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions.

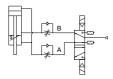
<Cylinder for element decompression and compression>

Pneumatic Circuit

⚠ Warning

- Do not use 3-position valves.
 Unlocking pressure may unlock the lock.
- Use a speed controller with meter-out control.
 Malfunction may occur if meter-in control is used.
- 3. Be careful of backflow of pressure exhausted from a common exhaust type valve manifold.
 - A backflow of exhaust pressure may release the lock. Use an individual exhaust type manifold or single type valve.
- 4. Split the pneumatic piping for the lock unit between the cylinder and the speed controller.
 - Splitting the piping outside of these 2 components may shorten a service life.
- Keep the piping of the lock unit from the branching short.

Long piping can cause malfunctioning of unlocking and shorten a service life of the lock.

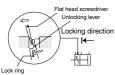


Manual Lock Release

⚠ Warning

 Follow the steps shown below for manual release after confirming safety.

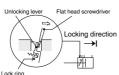
Make sure that there will be no danger even when the load moves suddenly. Also, confirm that no personnel is present in the movement range of the load.



Extension locking

Remove the dustproof cover.

2) As shown above, insert a flat head screwdriver in the clearance of the rod end of the manual lock release lever. Tilt the driver slightly toward the direction indicated by the arrow (to the rod end) to release the lock.



Retraction locking

1) Remove the dustproof cover.

2) As shown above, insert a flat head screwdriver in the clearance of the head end of the manual lock release lever. Tilt the driver slightly toward the direction indicated by the arrow (to the head end) to release the lock.

<Floating joint for element coupling> (FN4)

Mounting

⚠ Warning

- When screwing a male rod into the female thread in a socket or bowl, do not contact with the bottom.
 - If the rod is screwed in all the way so that it touches the bottom, the stud will not be able to float and damage will result. Screw in the rod to a position one or two turns before the point at which it would make contact with the bottom.
- Remove the dust cover before screwing a stud, socket, or bowl into the driven body. If they are screwed in without removing the dust cover, the dust cover could be damaged.
- When connecting the driven body and cylinder rod with a floating joint, make sure to secure them using the appropriate tightening torque for the thread size. If there are concerns regarding loosening during use, use pin stoppers or adhesive to prevent loosening.
 - When the connection loosens and come undone, the driven body could run out of control or fall, possibly damaging or destroying the equipment.
- 4. The floating joint is not a shaft fitting designed for rotation, and it should not be used for that purpose.

Maintenance

⚠ Warning

1. Do not disassemble and reuse the floating joint.

A very strong adhesive has been applied to the threaded coupling portion to prevent it from being disassembled. Disassembling it by force could damage it.