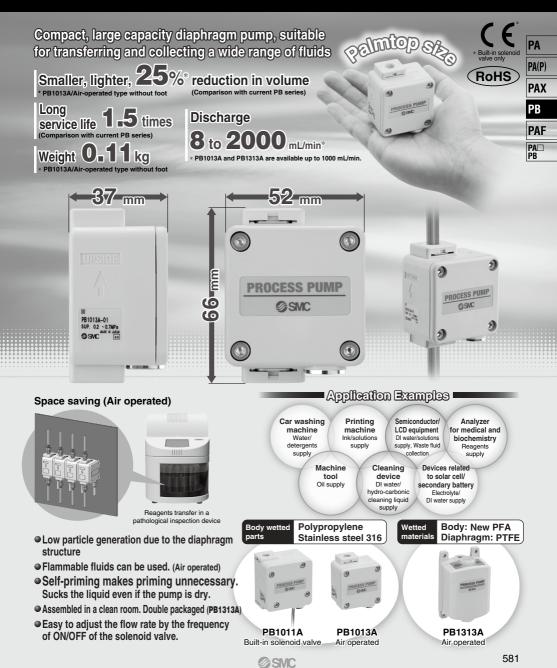
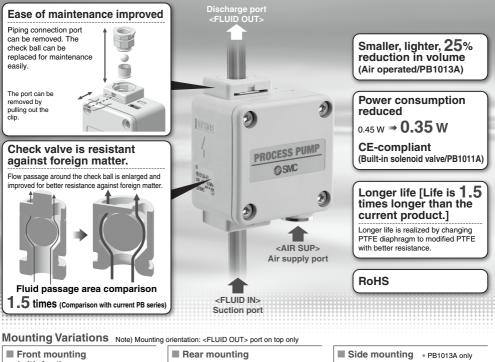
Process Pump (Diaphragm Pump)

PB Series



Process Pump

Built-in Solenoid Valve/Air Operated PB1000A Series









Series Variations

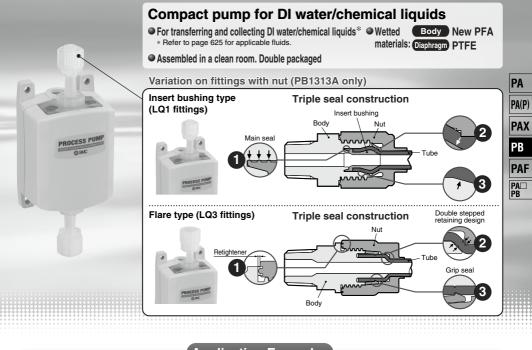
Series	Actuation	Discharge (mL/min)	Material			Port size	Made to Order	
Jeries			Body wetted parts	Diaphragm	Check valve	Liquid contact seals	Port size	Made to Order
PB1011A	Built-in solenoid valve	8 to 2000	Polypropylene (PP) Stainless steel (SUS316)	PTFE	PTFE PP	FKM	1/8 female thread	_
PB1013A	Air operated	8 to 1000						Liquid contact seals SF7000 With bracket which is interchangeable with previous type
PB1313A	Air operated	8 to 1000	New PFA	PTFE	PTFE New PFA	PTFE	1/8 female thread, 1/4" tube extension, With nut (LQ1/LQ3)	_

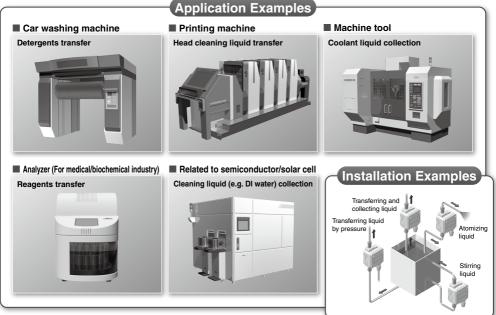
Note) Refer to page 625 for applicable fluids. 582

SMC

PB Series

Air Operated/Wetted Materials: Fluoropolymer PB1313A Series

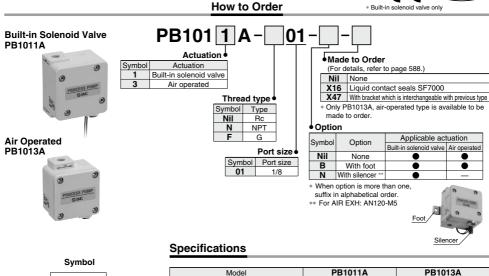




Process Pump (Diaphragm Pump) Body Wetted Parts: Polypropylene/Stainless Steel Built-in Solenoid Valve/Air Operated (External switching type)

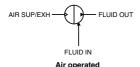
RoHS

PB1000A Series



AIR SUP

Built-in solenoid valve



Actuation Built-in solenoid valve Air operated Main fluid suction/discharge port Rc, NPT, G 1/8 female thread Rc, NPT, G 1/8 female thread Port size Supply port Pilot air Exhaust port M5 x 0.8 female thread Polypropylene (PP), Stainless steel (SUS316) Body wetted parts Diaphragm PTFE Material Check valve PTFE, Polypropylene (PP) Liquid contact seals FKM Discharge Note 1) 8 to 1000 mL/min Note 2) 8 to 2000 mL/min Average discharge pressure 0 to 0.6 MPa Pilot air pressure 0.2 to 0.7 MPa Air consumption 40 L/min (ANR) or less Suction head Note 1) Up to 2.5 m (dry state inside the pump) 64 dB (A) or less Noise (Option: With silencer AN120-M5) Withstand pressure 1.05 MPa Diaphragm life (Reference) 30 million cycles Fluid temperature 0 to 50°C (No freezing, heat cycle not applied) Ambient temperature 0 to 50°C (No freezing, heat cycle not applied) Recommended operating cycle 1 to 10 Hz 0.2 Note 3) Pilot air solenoid valve recommended Cv value 0.18 kg Weight 0.11 kg Mounting orientation FLUID OUT port upside Packaging General environment

* Each of the values above are for normal temperatures and clear water.

* For related products, refer to pages 622 to 623

Faulty sealing of the check valves or accumulation of dust may cause operation to stop, so slurry
processing is not available.

24 VDC

0.35 W

100 mPa·s

Refer to page 586 for maintenance parts.

Maximum viscosity

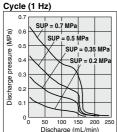
Power supply voltage Power consumption

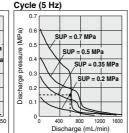
Note 1) The values given for discharge and suction head are for no piping. Values will depend on piping conditions.

Note 2) Applicable up to 2000 mL/min by using a solenoid valve with a large Cv value (Cv value of 0.5 or more). Note 3) With low operating cycles, even a valve with a small Cv value can be operated.

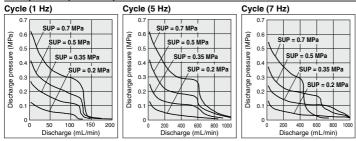
Flow Rate Characteristics

Built-in Solenoid Valve (PB1011A)



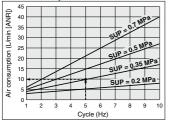


Air Operated (PB1013A)



Air Consumption: Built-in Solenoid Valve/Air Operated

Air Consumption



Calculation of Air Consumption

Cycle (7 Hz)

SUP = 0.7 MPa

SUP = 0.5 MPa

Discharge (mL/min)

SUP = 0.35 MPa

SUP = 0.2 MPa

0.7

0.5

0.4

0.3

0.2

0

C

500 1000 1500 2000

(MPa) 0.6

pressure

Discharge

Find the air consumption for operation with a 5 Hz switching cycle and pilot air pressure of 0.35 MPa from the air consumption graph.

Selection procedure

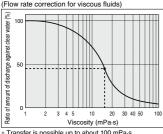
- 1. Look up from the 5 Hz switching cycle to find the intersection with SUP = 0.35 MPa.
- 2. From the point just found, draw a line to the Y-axis to find the air consumption. The result is approximately 10 L/min (ANR).

▲Caution

1. The air consumption differs greatly depending on properties (viscosity, specific gravity) of the transferred fluid and operating conditions (pump head, transfer distance), etc.

Viscosity Characteristics: Built-in Solenoid Valve/Air Operated

Viscosity Characteristics



* Transfer is possible up to about 100 mPa-s.

Selection from Viscosity Characteristic Graph

Required specification example

Find the pilot air pressure and pilot air consumption for a discharge rate of 270 mL/min, discharge pressure of 0.15 MPa, and a viscosity of 15 mPa-s.

Selection procedure

- 1. First, find the ratio of the amount of discharge against clear water when viscosity is 15 mPas from the graph to the left. It is determined to be 45%.
- 2. Next, the viscosity of 15 mP·s and the discharge rate of 270 mL/min in the required specification example are converted to the amount of discharge for clear water. Since 45% of the clear water discharge is equivalent to 270 mL/min in the required specifications,

270 mL/min ∏ 0.45 = approximately 600 mL/min, indicating that a discharge rate of 600 mL/min is required for clear water.

- 3. Finally, find the pilot air pressure and pilot air consumption based on the flow rate characteristic araphs
- Relationship between the kinematic viscosity

Kinematic viscosity v [m²/s] = Viscosity µ [Pa·s]/Density [kg/m³]

- 1 cP = 1 mPa·s = 10⁻³Pa·s
- · 1 cSt = 1 mm²/s = 10⁻⁶m²/s

Selection from Flow Rate **Characteristic Graph**

Required specification example

Find the pilot air pressure for a discharge rate of 600 mL/min and a discharge pressure of 0.15 MPa for builtin solenoid valve type.

PA

PA(P)

PAX

PB

PAF

PB

<The transferred fluid is clear water (viscosity of 1 mPa·s, specific gravity of 1.0) and solenoid valve cycle is 5 Hz.>

* When the total pump head is required instead of the discharge pressure, a discharge pressure of 0.1 MPa corresponds to a total pump head of 10 m.

Selection procedure

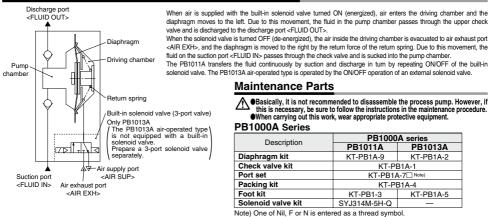
- 1. First, mark the intersection point for a discharge rate of 600 mL/min and a discharge pressure of 0.15 MPa.
- 2. Find the pilot air pressure for the marked point. In this case, the point is between the discharge curves for 0.35 MPa and 0.5 MPa and based on the proportional relationship to these lines, the pilot air pressure for this point is approximately 0.4 MPa.

▲Caution

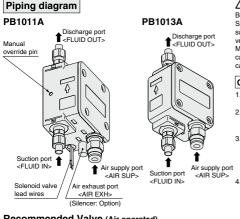
- 1. Flow rate characteristics are for clear water (viscosity of 1 mPa-s, specific gravity of 1.0), no piping for suction and discharge.
- 2. The amount of discharge differs greatly depending on properties (viscosity, specific gravity) of the fluid being transferred and operating conditions (pump head, transfer distance), etc.

PB1000A Series

Working Principle: Built-in Solenoid Valve/Air Operated

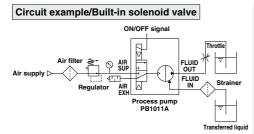


Piping and Operation: Built-in Solenoid Valve/Air Operated



Recommended Valve (Air operated)

PB1013A SYJ504



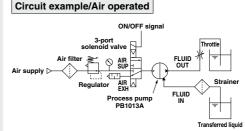
▲Caution

Be sure that the discharge port <FLUID OUT> is on top when the pump is mounted. Supply clean air that has passed through a filter or mist separator, etc., to the air supply port <AIR SUP>. Air that contains debris or drainage, etc., will have an adverse effect on the built-in solenoid valve, and will cause malfunction of the pump. Maintain the proper tightening torque for fittings or mounting bolts. Looseness can cause problems such as liquid or air leakage, while over-tightening can cause damage to threads or parts, etc.

Operation

- Connect air piping to the air supply port <AIR SUP>, and connect piping for transferred fluid to the suction port <FLUID IN> and the discharge port <FLUID OUT>.
- Connect the solenoid valve lead wires to a 24 VDC power supply. Red is (+) and Black is (-). (The PB1013A air-operated type must be equipped with a separate 3-port solenoid valve.)
- 3. Using a regulator, set the pilot air pressure within the range of 0.2 to 0.7 MPa. By continuously turning the 24 VDC power ON/OFF, the fluid flows from the suction port <FLUID IN> to the discharge port <FLUID OUT>. The pump performs suction with its own power even without priming. Idle run of the pump shall be 3 minutes or less for the intake of the liquid.
- 4. To stop the pump turn OFF the 24 VDC power. Also, be sure to turn OFF the power when the discharge side is closed. If the pump is stopped for a long time, exhaust the air from the <AIR SUP> port. The manual override pin is used for manual operation when there is no electric power. Each time it is pressed, there is one reciprocal operation.

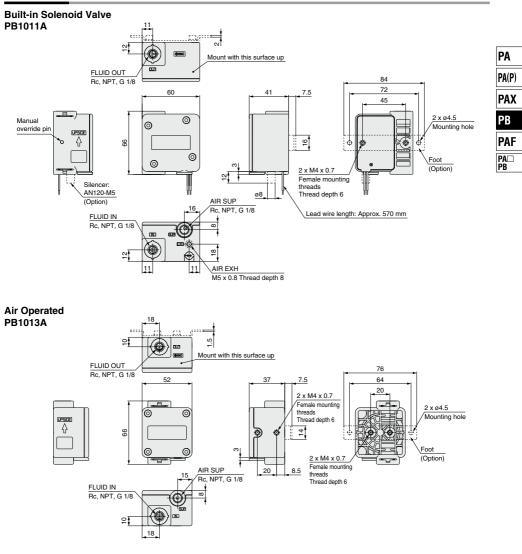
For the PB1013A air-operated type, stop the 3-port solenoid valve, and be sure to discharge air from the pump. Although the pump can be stopped by closing the thorttle installed in the discharge side, avoid stopping operation for a long time. If the valve opens/closes suddenly, surge is generated, shortening the pump life. When the tank for fluid suction side is empty, stop operating the pump immediately.



SMC

Process Pump Built-in Solenoid Valve/Air Operated **PB1000A** Series

Dimensions



≜Caution

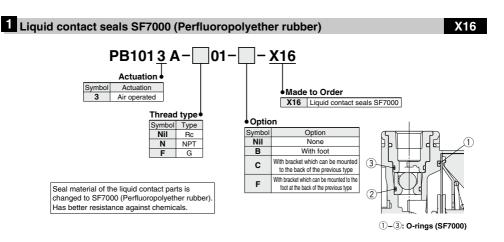
1. Check the mounting orientation of the product.

Mount the product vertically so that the <FLUID OUT> port faces upward.

Also, secure all specified mounting positions when using the product. If the propagation of the vibration of the pump is not acceptable, insert vibro-isolating rubber when mounting.

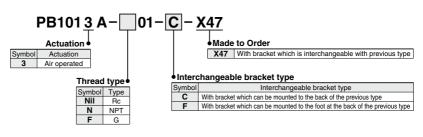
PB1000A Series Made to Order

Please contact SMC for detailed dimensions, specifications and lead times.

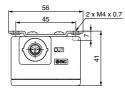


2 With bracket which is interchangeable with previous type

Bracket which is interchangeable with previous PB1000 series is mounted.



With bracket which can be mounted to the back of the previous type: C

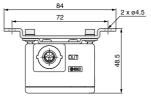


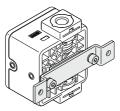


With bracket which can be mounted to the foot at the back of the previous type: F

Orde

X47

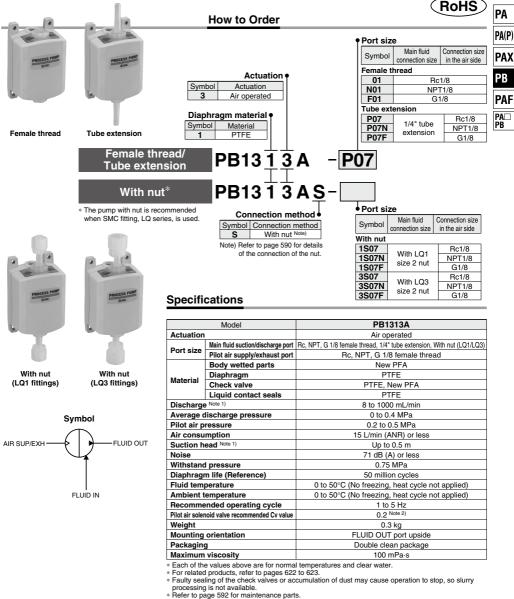




SMC

Process Pump (Diaphragm Pump) Wetted Materials: Fluoropolymer Air Operated (External switching type)

PB1313A Series



Note 1) The values given for discharge and suction head are for no piping. Values will depend on piping conditions. Note 2) With low operating cycles, even a valve with a small Cv value can be operated.

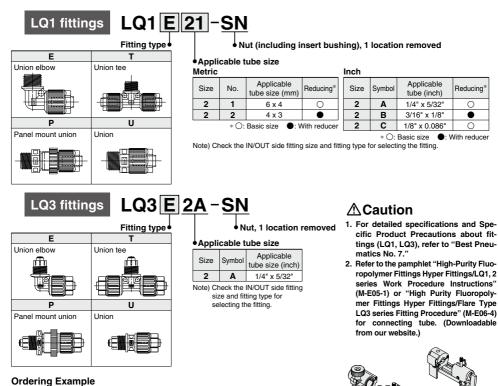
589

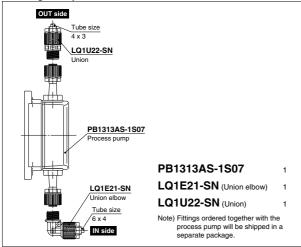
PB1313A Series

How to Order Fittings for Products with Nut (PB1313AS)

Fittings compatible for the process pump with nut/PB1313AS.

Product without nut (insert bushing), 1 piece nut removed, which is not necessary in cases when using the products with nut.





mer Fittings Hyper Fittings/Flare Type LQ3 series Fitting Procedure" (M-E06-4) for connecting tube. (Downloadable De an

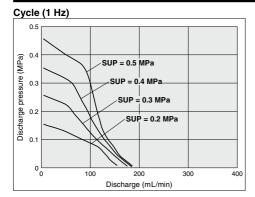


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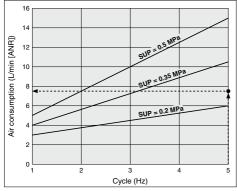
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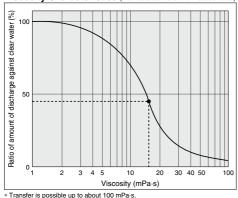
590

Flow Rate Characteristics: Air Operated (PB1313A)



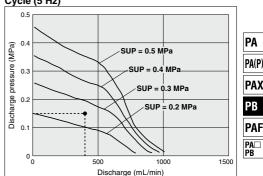
Air Consumption





Viscosity Characteristics (Flow rate correction for viscous fluids)

Cycle (5 Hz)



PR

PAF

Selection from Flow Rate Characteristic Graph

Required specification example

Find the pilot air pressure for a discharge rate of 400 mL/min and a discharge pressure of 0.15 MPa.

- <The transferred fluid is clear water (viscosity 1 mPa·s, specific gravity of 1.0) and solenoid valve cycle is 5 Hz.>
- * When the total pump head is required instead of the discharge pressure, a discharge pressure of 0.1 MPa corresponds to a total pump head of 10 m.

Selection procedure

- 1. First, mark the intersection point for a discharge rate of 400 mL/min and a discharge pressure of 0.15 MPa.
- 2. Find the pilot air pressure for the marked point. In this case, the point is between the discharge curves for 0.2 MPa and 0.3 MPa, and based on the proportional relationship to these lines, the pilot air pressure for this point is approximately 0.25 MPa.

Calculation of Air Consumption

Find the air consumption for operation with a 5 Hz switching cycle and pilot air pressure of 0.25 MPa from the air consumption graph.

Selection procedure

- 1. Look up from the 5 Hz switching cycle to find the intersection with SUP = 0.25 MPa
- 2. From the point just found, draw a line to the Y-axis to find the air consumption. The result is approximately 7.5 L/min (ANR).

▲Caution

- 1. Flow rate characteristics are for clear water (viscosity of 1 mPa·s, specific gravity of 1.0).
- 2. The amount of discharge differs greatly depending on properties (viscosity, specific gravity) of the transferred fluid and operating conditions (pump head, transfer distance), etc.

Selection from Viscosity Characteristic Graph

Required specification example

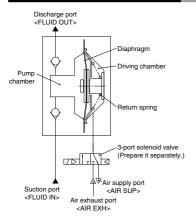
Find the pilot air pressure and pilot air consumption for a discharge rate of 180 mL/min, discharge pressure of 0.15 MPa, and a viscosity of 15 mPa s. Selection procedure

- 1. First, find the ratio of the amount of discharge against clear water when viscosity is 15 mPa-s from the graph to the left. It is determined to be 45%.
- 2. Next, the viscosity of 15 mP s and the discharge rate of 180 mL/min in the required specification example are converted to the discharge rate for clear water. Since 45% of the amount of clear water discharge is equivalent to 180 mL/min in the required specifications, 180 mL/min ÷ 0.45 = approximately 400 mL/min, indicating that a discharge rate of 400 mL/min is required for clear water.
- 3. Finally, find the pilot air pressure and pilot air consumption based on the flow rate characteristic graphs.
- Relationship between the kinematic viscosity
- Kinematic viscosity v [m²/s] = Viscosity µ [Pa·s]/Density [kg/m³] · 1 cP = 1 mPa·s = 10-3Pa·s
- · 1 cSt = 1 mm²/s = 10⁻⁶m²/s

SMC Courtesy of Steven Engineering, Inc - (800) 258-9200 - sales@steveneng.com - www.stevenengineering.com

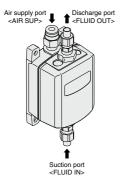
PB1313A Series

Working Principle: Air Operated



Piping and Operation: Air Operated

Piping diagram



Recommended Valve (Air operated)

PB1313A	SYJ5⊡4

When air is supplied with the external 3-port solenoid valve turned ON (energized), air enters the driving chamber and the diaphragm moves to the left. Due to this movement, the fluid in the pump chamber passes through the upper check valve and is discharged to the discharge port <FLUID OUT>.

When the solenoid valve is turned OFF (de-energized), the air inside the driving chamber is evacuated to air exhaust port <AIR EXH>, and the diaphragm is moved to the right by the return force of the return spring. Due to this movement, the fluid on the suction port <FLUID IN> passes through the check valve and is sucked into the pump chamber.

The fluid is transferred continuously by suction and discharge in turn by repeating ON/OFF of the built-in solenoid valve.

Maintenance Parts

- Basically, it is not recommended to disassemble the process pump. However, if this is necessary, be sure to follow the instructions in the maintenance procedure.
 - When carrying out this work, wear appropriate protective equipment.

PB1313A Series

Description	PB1313A series			
Check valve kit	KT-PB1A-501			
Diaphragm kit	KT-PB1A-502			

▲Caution

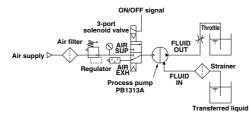
Be sure that the discharge port <FLUID OUT> is on top when the pump is mounted. Supply clean air that has passed through a mist separator etc., to the air supply port <AIR SUP>. When air needs additional purification, use a mist separator (AM series) and a micro mist separator (AMD series) together.

Maintain the proper tightening torque for fittings or mounting bolts. Looseness can cause problems such as liquid or air leakage, while over-tightening can cause damage to threads or parts, etc.

Operation

- 1. Connect air piping to the air supply port <AIR SUP>, and connect piping for transferred fluid to the suction port <FLUID IN> and the discharge port <FLUID OUTs.
- 2. Set the pilot air pressure within the range of 0.2 to 0.5 MPa. If air is supplied or discharged intermittently using a 3-port solenoid valve, the pump operates, then after a short time the fluid flows from suction port <FLUID IN> to the discharge port <FLUID OUT>. The pump performs suction with its own power even without priming. Idle run of the pump shall be 3 minutes or less for the intake of the liquid.
- 3. To stop the pump, stop the 3-port solenoid valve, and be sure to discharge air from the pump. Although the pump can be stopped by closing the throttle installed in the discharge side, avoid stopping operation for a long time. If the valve opens/closes suddenly, surge is generated, shortening the pump life. When the tank for fluid suction side is empty, stop operating the pump immediately.

Circuit example/Air operated

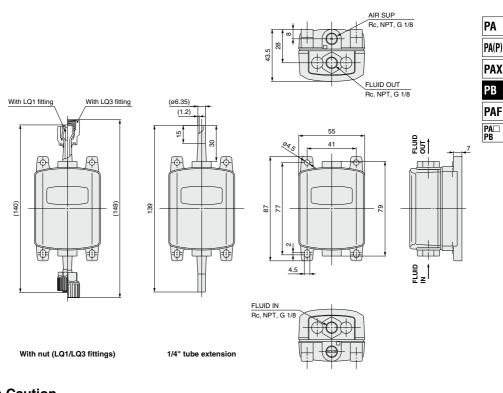


592

Process Pump Air Operated **PB1313A** Series

Dimensions

Air Operated PB1313A



≜Caution

1. Check the mounting orientation of the product.

Mount the product vertically so that the <FLUID OUT> port faces upward.

Also, secure all specified mounting positions when using the product. If the propagation of the vibration of the pump is not acceptable, insert vibro-isolating rubber when mounting.

2. Open the sealed package inside a clean room.

Products specified for clean room (PB1313A) are sealed and double packaged inside a clean room. We recommend that the inner package should be opened inside a clean room or clean environment.