2 Port Solenoid Valve/Air Operated Valve For Dust Collector

VXF2/VXFA2 Series





Mounting can be changed

depending on the piping

Fluid temperature 100°c

Flange type

conditions!

Large port size is available.

Port size 50A to 100A

Enclosure

IP65

Electrical entry flat terminal type terminal is IP40.



VXK

VXD

VXZ

VXS **VXB**

VXE

VXP

VXR

VXH

VXF VX3

VXA

Flange body type

Orifice machining on the outlet is not necessary, so piping man hour is reduced!



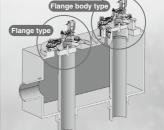
Flange body I type (Flange mounting type)

Flange body II type (Through hole mounting type)

Installation Example

Direct piping type Solenoid valve Air operated type





Dedicated controller for operation VXFC series



				1 1011
Туре	Port size	Direct piping type	Flange type	Flange I typ
	20A	0		

	2
Solenoid valve	40
type	50
Air operated	6
type	80
	90
	10

Variations

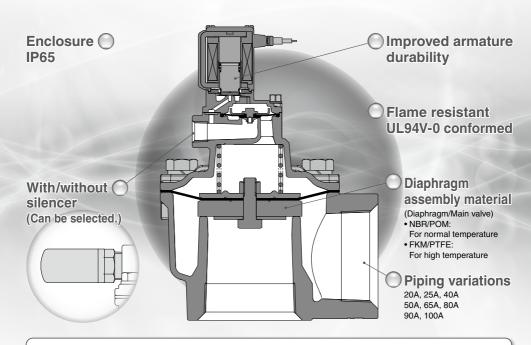
,	Port size	Direct piping type	Flange type	Flange body I type Flange mounting type	Flange bo II type Through ho mounting ty
	20A	0			
	25A	0			
valve	40A	0			
	50A	0			

<u> </u>					
5A	0				
)A	0				
DA	0				
5A	0	•			
DA	0	•	•	0	
DA		•			
ο Δ					

	Grommet	
	* Solenoid valve type only	
i	Electrical entry∗	١

DIN terminal Conduit terminal Conduit

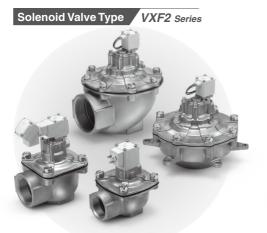
Flat terminal



Built-in full-wave rectifier type (AC specification)

- Improved durability
 Service life is extended by the special construction.
 (compared with current shading coil)
- Reduced apparent power (for normal temperature)
 11 VA → 7 VA (Size 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28)
 18 VA → 10 VA (Size 23)

Noise reduction
Rectified to DC by the full-wave rectifier, resulting in a buzz noise reduction.

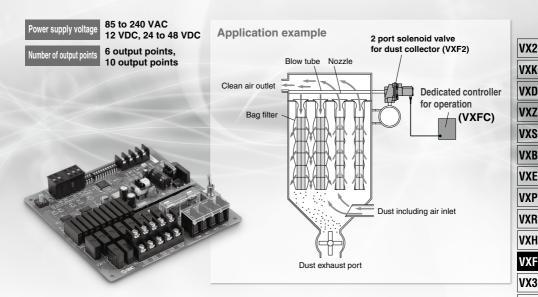


Air Operated Type VXFA2 Series



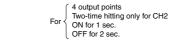


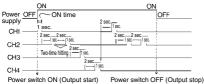
The valve controller turns ON/OFF many valves for the dust controller.



Two-time Hitting Function

A two-time hitting function is adopted to improve the bag filter dusting efficiency. Turn ON the DIP switch for two-time hitting (OFF for one-time hitting), (Effective up to the number of setting channels) Operation sequence diagram

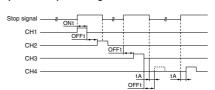




Interrupt Operation Function

Interrupting an operation from an external switch is possible using input signals.

Operation sequence diagram



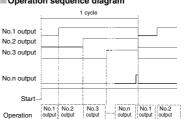
Cascade Connection (Multiple-board connection)

VXFC10: One board allows outputs at merely 10 output points max. But the points can be increased to 20 and 30 output points by connecting cascades.

■ Connection



Operation sequence diagram



VXA

VXF2 Series Solenoid Valve Type

Common Specifications/Selection Steps

Specifications

Solenoid Valve Type

Model	VXF21A□□	VXF22A□□	VXF23A□□	VXF24A□□	VXF25å□□	VXF26 ੈ⊟□	VXF27B□□	VXF28B□□
Orifice size mmø	22	28	44	53	70	80	90	100
Fluid				Air				
Min. operating pressure MPa		0.03				0.1		
Max. operating pressure MPa				0	.7			
Fluid temperature (for normal/high temperature) °C		-10 (No freezing) to 60/-10 (No freezing) to 100						
Ambient temperature °C				5 to	60			
Coil insulation type (for normal/high temperature)	or normal/high temperature)			Class B/Class H				
Enclosure	IP65 Note)							
Allowable voltage fluctuation V		±10% of rated voltage						
Apparent power (for normal/high temperature) AC (VA)	7.	/9	10/12	7/9				
Power consumption (for normal temperature) DC (W)		7	8			7		

Note) For enclosure, refer to "Glossary of Terms" on page 371. When using the product in a place which requires water resistance, please contact SMC.

Solenoid Coil Specifications

Normally Closed (N.C.)

DC Specification

(For normal temperature)

Size	Power consumption (W) Note 1)	Temperature rise (°C) Note 2)
Size 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28	7	60
Size 23	8	55

Note 1) Power consumption, Apparent power: The value at ambient temperature of 20°C and when the rated voltage is applied. (Variation: ±10%)

Note 2) Value at ambient temperature of 20°C and when the rated voltage is applied. The value depends on the ambient environment. This is for reference.

Valve Leakage Rate

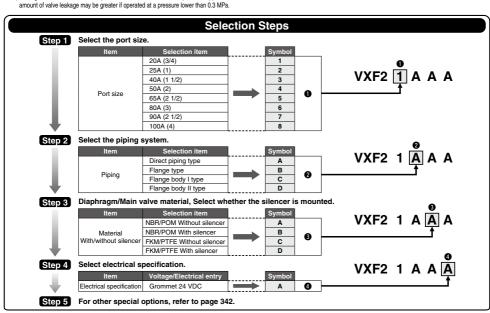
	Leakage rate Note)
Internal leakage	1000 cm ³ /min or less
External leakage	100 cm ³ /min or less

Note) Leakage value at an ambient temperature of 20°C with 0.5 MPa of pressure applied. The amount of valve leakage may be greater if operated at a pressure lower than 0.3 MPa.

AC Specification (Built-in Full-wave Rectifier Type)

Size 23	10/12	70/100
Size 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28	7/9	60/100
Size	Apparent power (VA) Note 1) Note 2)	Temperature rise (°C) Note:

- Note 1) Power consumption, Apparent power: The value at ambient temperature of 20°C and when the rated voltage is applied. (Variation: +10%)
- Note 2) There is no difference in the frequency and the inrush and energized apparent power because a rectifying circuit is used in the AC (Built-in full-wave rectifier type).
- Note 3) Value at ambient temperature of 20°C and when the rated voltage is applied. The value depends on the ambient environment. This is for reference



How to Order





VX2 VXK VXD

VXZ

VXS VXB VXE VXP VXR

VXH

VXFVX3 VXA

Solenoid Valve Type VXF2 1

Dining





4	F	1

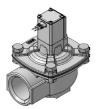
FUIL	3126		Fibili 9
Symbol	Port size	Symbol	Piping
1	20A		
2	25A		5

- ,	size		-,	
1	20A			
2	25A		Α	Direct piping type
3	40A		^	Direct piping type
4	50A			
5	65A		Α	Direct piping type
	OSA	l	В	Flange type
		,		
			Α	Direct piping type
_			В	Flange type
	00 4			i larige type
6	80A		С	Flange body I type
6	80A		C	0 /1
6			_	Flange body I type
7	90A			Flange body I type

Material - With/without silencer. Fluid temperature

Symbol	Diaphragm/ Main valve material	With/without silencer	Fluid temperature
A	NBR/POM	Without	For normal
В	NBR/POM	With	temperature (Max. 60°C)
С	FKM/PTFE	Without	For high temperature
D	FKM/PTFE	With	(Max. 100°C)

^{*} For high temperature type, DC specification, DIN terminal and flat terminal are not available.



A: Direct piping type



B: Flange type



C: Flange body I type (Flange mounting type)



D: Flange body II type (Through hole mounting type)

Symbol	Voltage	Electrical	entry
A	24 VDC	Grommet	
В	100 VAC	Grommet Note 2)	$\overline{}$
С	110 VAC	/with surge \	
D	200 VAC	voltage	
E	230 VAC	\suppressor/	
F	24 VDC	1	
G	24 VDC	DIN terminal	
Н	100 VAC	C voltage suppressor C C C C C Conduit terminal C (with surge voltage C C C voltage C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	
ſ	110 VAC		
K	200 VAC		
L	230 VAC		
M	24 VDC		
N	100 VAC		
Р	110 VAC		
Q	200 VAC	\suppressor/	
R	230 VAC		
S	24 VDC	Conduit Note 2)	
T	100 VAC	with surge	
U	110 VAC	voltage suppressor	
٧	200 VAC	\suppressor/	
W	230 VAC	С	
Υ	24 VDC	Flat terminal	

Note 1) For high temperature type, DC specification, DIN terminal and flat terminal are not available.

Note 2) For high temperature type, the surge voltage suppressor for grommet or conduit is attached in the middle of lead wire.

For other special options, refer to page 342				
Special voltage	24 VAC			
	48 VAC			
	220 VAC			
	240 VAC			
	12 VDC			
DIN terminal with lig	ght			
With conduit terminal and light				
G thread Note 3)				
NPT thread Note 3)				

Note 3) For options with silencer, the exhaust port is Rc.



VXFA2 Series Air Operated Type

Common Specifications/Selection Steps

Specifications

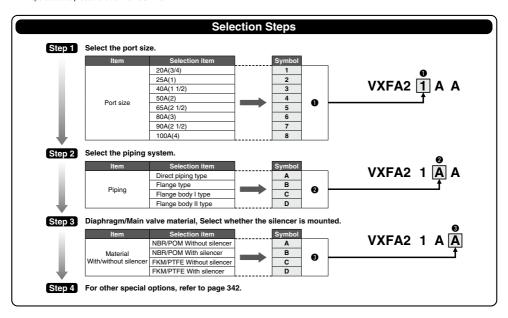
Air Operated Type

Model		VXFA21AA□	VXFA22AA□	VXFA23AA□	VXFA24Aå□	VXFA25(A,B) ^A □	VXFA26(A,B,C,D)å□	VXFA27Bå□	VXFA28Bå□
Orifice size	mmø	22	28	44	53	70	80	90	100
Fluid		Air							
Min. operating pressure	MPa	0.03 0.1							
Max. operating pressure	MPa		0.7						
Fluid temperature (for normal/high temperature)	°C	-10 (No freezing) to 60/-10 (No freezing) to 100							
Ambient temperature	°C	5 to 60							

Valve Leakage Rate

	Leakage rate Note)
Internal leakage	1000 cm ³ /min or less
External leakage	100 cm ³ /min or less

Note) Leakage value at an ambient temperature of 20°C with 0.5 MPa of pressure applied. The amount of valve leakage may be greater if operated at a pressure lower than 0.3 MPa.



How to Order



VX2 VXK VXD

VXZ

VXS

VXB

VXE

VXP

VXR

VXH

VXF

VX3 VXA

Air Operated Type VXFA2 1 A Port size Piping 4 Port Symbol Symbol Piping size 1 20A 2 25A Α Direct piping type 3 40A 4 50A Α Direct piping type 5 65A В Flange type Α Direct piping type В Flange type 6 80A Flange body I type С D Flange body II type 7 90A В Flange type 8 100A

Material – With/without silencer, Fluid temperature

	Symbol	Diaphragm/ Main valve material	With/without silencer*	Fluid temperature		
	A NBR/POM B NBR/POM		Without	For normal		
			With	(Max. 60°C)		
	С	FKM/PTFE	Without	For high temperature		
	D	FKM/PTFE	With	(Max. 100°C)		
	5 404 1 "					

^{*} For 40A or less, silencer cannot be selected.

For other special options, refer to page 342.

G thread Note 1)	
NPT thread Note	1)

Note 1) For options with silencer, the exhaust port is Rc.



A: Direct piping type



B: Flange type



C: Flange body I type (Flange mounting type)



D: Flange body II type (Through hole mounting type)

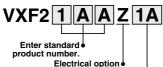
≜Caution Selection of Pilot Valve

When selecting the air operated type VXFA2 series, select the 2 port valve with the stated orifice diameter or more.

VXFA21 to VXFA23: ø5 mm or more VXFA24 to VXFA28: ø4 mm or more

VXF2/VXFA2 Series Other Special Options

Electrical Option (Special voltage, with light)



Special voltage – Electrical entry/Electrical option

e	ecial voltage		 Electrical entry/Electrical option • 			
	Specifications	Symbol	Voltage	Electrical entry		
		1A	48 VAC			
		1B	220 VAC	Grommet Note 2)		
		1C	240 VAC	(with surge voltage suppressor)		
		1U	24 VAC			
		1D	12 VDC	Grommet		
		1E	12 VDC	Grommet (with surge voltage suppressor)		
		1F	48 VAC			
		1G	220 VAC	DIN terminal		
	<u>o</u>	1H	240 VAC	(with surge voltage suppressor)		
	Itag	1۷	24 VAC	(with surge voltage suppressor)		
	Special voltage	1J	12 VDC			
	cial	1K	48 VAC			
	be	1L	220 VAC	Conduit terminal		
	0)	1M	240 VAC	(with surge voltage suppressor)		
		1W	24 VAC	(with surge voltage suppressor)		
		1N	12 VDC			
		1P	48 VAC			
		1Q	220 VAC	Conduit Note 2)		
		1R	240 VAC	(with surge voltage suppressor)		
		1Y	24 VAC	(with surge voltage suppressor)		
		15	12 VDC			
		1T	12 VDC	Flat terminal		
		2A	24 VDC			
		2B	100 VAC			
		2C	110 VAC			
		2D	200 VAC	500.		
		2E	230 VAC	DIN terminal		
		2F	48 VAC	(with surge voltage suppressor)		
		2G	220 VAC			
		2H	240 VAC			
	g	2V	24 VAC			
	With ligh	2J 2K	12 VDC 24 VDC			
	Ĭ	2L	100 VAC			
		2M	110 VAC			
		2N	200 VAC			
		2P	230 VAC	Conduit terminal		
		2Q	48 VAC	(with surge voltage suppressor)		
		2R	220 VAC	(with surge voltage suppressor)		
		28	240 VAC			
		2W	24 VAC			
		2T	12 VDC			
		3A	24 VDC			
	_	3B	100 VAC			
	cto	3C	110 VAC			
	nne	3D	200 VAC			
	8	3E	230 VAC	DIN terminal		
	N N	3F	48 VAC	(with surge voltage suppressor)		
	Ħ	3G	220 VAC			
	Without DIN connector	3H	240 VAC			
	>	3V	24 VAC			

Other Option (Port thread)



Piping option •

Symbol	Port thread
Α	G Note 1)
В	NPT Note 1)

Note 1) For options with silencer, the exhaust port is Rc.





Piping option • Port thread

Symbol	Port thread
Α	G Note 2)
В	NPT Note 2)

Note 2) For options with silencer, the exhaust port is Rc.

Note 1) For high temperature type, DC specification, DIN terminal and flat terminal are not available. Note 2) For high temperature type, the surge voltage suppressor for grommet or conduit is attached

in the middle of lead wire

* Enter symbols in the order below when ordering an electrical option and other option.

Other option

Example) Solenoid valve type

VXF2 1 A A Z 1A

Electrical option

3J

12 VDC

VXF2/VXFA2 Series Valve Characteristics

The valve characteristics data was measured with the outlet piping length. The valve characteristics vary depending on the tank capacity, air supply, set pressure, outlet conditions (nozzle size, quantity, piping length), so please use these values as a guideline.

1. Response Time, Start-up Speed

VXF2 Type

Measuring conditions

Test circuit Refer to the circuit below.

Test sample ··· VXF21A (Port size 3/4) VXF22A (Port size 1)

VXF23A (Port size 1 1/2) VXF24A (Port size 2) VXF25A, B (Port size 2 1/2) VXF26A, B, C, D (Port size 3) VXF27B (Port size 3 1/2) VXF28B (Port size 4)

Air tank capacity ··· VXF21 to VXF22: 100 L

VXF23 to VXF24: 200 L VXF25 to VXF28: 1000 L

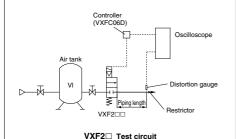
Energizing time······150 msec
Rated voltage·····24 VDC
Outlet piping length·····500 mm

Thread size connected to the outlet piping end···VXF21: Rc3/8 VXF22: Rc1/2 VXF23: Rc3/4 VXF24: Rc1

VXF25: Rc1 1/2 VXF26: Rc2 VXF27: Rc2 1/2 VXF28: Rc3

How to calculate

- 1. Set the tank pressure to 0.5 MPa.
- 2. Close the stop valve on the inlet of the tank.
- Energize the valve and read the pressure wave on the outlet.



VXFA2 Type

Measuring conditions

Test circuit Refer to the circuit below.

Test sample···VXFA21A (Port size 3/4) VXFA22A (Port size 1) VXFA23A (Port size 1 1/2) VXFA24A (Port size 2)

VXFA25A, B (Port size 2 1/2) VXFA26A, B, C, D (Port size 3) VXFA27B (Port size 3 1/2) VXFA28B (Port size 4)

Air tank capacity···VXFA21 to VXFA22: 100 L

VXFA23 to VXFA24: 200 L VXFA25 to VXFA28: 1000 L

Energizing time······150 msec

Pilot valve

VX232AA (Orifice, ø5, Rated voltage 24 VDC)

Piping length to the pilot valve

500 mm, 1000 mm, 1500 mm (ø10, t = 1.5)

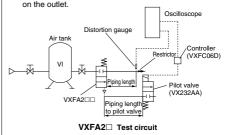
Outlet piping length ····· 500 mm

Thread size connected to the outlet piping end ··· VXFA21: Rc3/8 VXFA22: Rc1/2

VXFA23: Rc3/4 VXFA24: Rc1 VXFA25: Rc1 1/2VXFA26: Rc2 VXFA27: Rc2 1/2 VXFA28: Rc3

How to calculate

- 1. Set the tank pressure to 0.5 MPa.
- 2. Close the stop valve on the inlet of the tank.
- Energize the pilot valve and read the pressure wave on the outlet



How to Read the Data

ON response time

Time required until the valve is switched after it is energized (Time required until pressure is released to the outlet)

Start-up speed

344

Speed until the valve is switched after being energized and the pressure released to the outlet reaches 90% of the peak pressure

Start-up speed = $(Pm \times 0.9)/\Delta t$ [MPa/msec]

Note) For air operated type, the longer the piping length to the pilot valve, the longer the ON response time will be. If the piping length is extended more, the valve might not be opened due to piping capacity and resistance in the piping, so keep the piping length to the pilot valve as short as possible.

150 msec

Outlet pressure
waveform

On response time 0%



Voltage

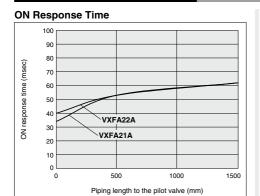
Pressure waveform

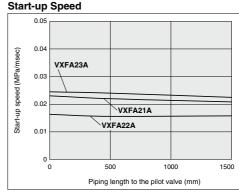
waveform

Valve Characteristics VXF2/VXFA2 Series

1. Response Time, Start-up Speed

For VXF2/solenoid valve type, the piping length to the pilot valve should be 0 mm.





VX2

VXK

VXD

VXZ

VXS

VXB

VXE

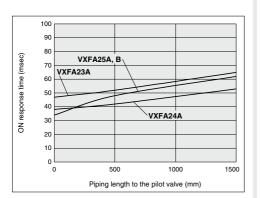
VXP VXR

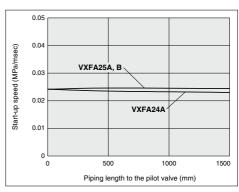
VXH

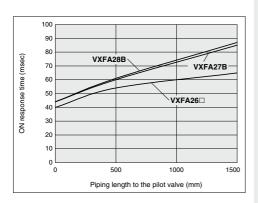
VXF

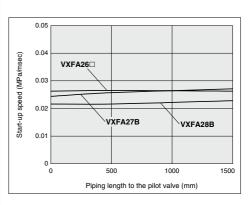
VX3

VXA









2. Discharge Volume

For VXF2/solenoid valve type, the piping length to the pilot valve should be 0 mm.

VXF2 Type

Measuring conditions

Test circuit Refer to the circuit below

Test sample ··· VXF21A (Port size 3/4) VXF22A (Port size 1) VXF23A (Port size 1 1/2) VXF24A (Port size 2)

VXF25A, B (Port size 2 1/2) VXF26A, B, C, D (Port size 3) VXF27B (Port size 3 1/2) VXF28B (Port size 4)

Air tank capacity...VXF21 to VXF22: 100 L

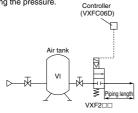
VXF23 to VXF24: 200 L VXF25 to VXF28: 1000 L

Energizing time 150 msec Rated voltage 24 VDC Outlet piping length 500 mm

Thread size connected to the outlet piping end Open

How to calculate

- 1. Set the tank pressure to 0.5 MPa.
- 2. Close the stop valve on the inlet of the tank.
- 3. Energize the valve and read the tank pressure after releasing the pressure.



VXF2□ Test circuit

Discharge volume: Valve discharge volume per energizing time

Conversion of the discharge volume

Calculate the discharge volume by reading the tank pressure after the valve starts the operation.

Conversion equation

 $V_0 = (P_1 \times V_1 - P_2 \times V_1)/P_0$

Vo: Discharge volume L

P1: Tank initial pressure MPa (Absolute pressure)

V₁: Tank capacity L

P2: Tank pressure after release MPa (Absolute pressure)

Po: Atmospheric pressure MPa (Absolute pressure)

VXFA2 Type

Measuring conditions

Test circuit Refer to the circuit below.

Test sample ··· VXFA21A (Port size 3/4) VXFA22A (Port size 1) VXFA23A (Port size 1 1/2) VXFA24A (Port size 2)

VXFA25A, B (Port size 2 1/2) VXFA26A, B, C, D (Port size 3) VXFA27B (Port size 3 1/2) VXFA28B (Port size 4)

Air tank capacity ··· VXFA21 to VXFA22: 100 L VXFA23 to VXFA24: 200 L

VXFA25 to VXFA28: 1000 L

Energizing time 150 msec

Pilot valve

VX232AA (Orifice, ø5, Rated voltage 24 VDC)

Piping length to the pilot valve

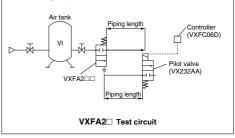
500 mm, 1000 mm, 1500 mm (ø10, t = 1.5)

Outlet piping length 500 mm

Thread size connected to the outlet piping end......Open

How to calculate

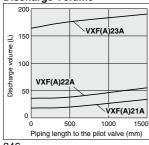
- 1. Set the tank pressure to 0.5 MPa.
- 2. Close the stop valve on the inlet of the tank.
- 3. Energize the pilot valve and read the tank pressure after releasing the pressure.

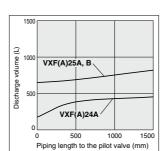


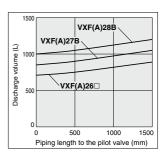
Note 1) If the regulator or the restrictor is installed right before the IN side of the valve, the valve may oscillate when it is turned off. Keep the regulator or the restrictor away from the valve for at least 1 m or change restriction.

Note 2) The dust collector valve is a large flow control valve in which air is discharged with high speed to clean the bag filter with impact wave. Tank capacity should be sufficient to secure impact wave and discharge flow rate. If the air tank capacity is insufficient, response delay of valve, malfunctions or oscillation may occur

Discharge Volume





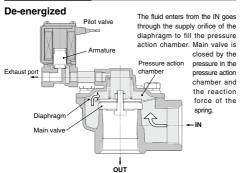


346

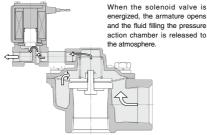


VXFA2 Series Working Principle

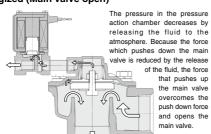
VXFA21, 22, 23



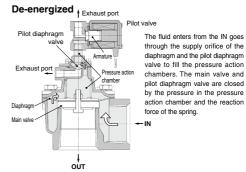
Right after energized



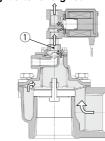
Energized (Main valve open)



VXFA24 to 28 (Double diaphragm)



Right after energized



When the solenoid valve is energized, the armature opens and the fluid filling the pressure action chamber ① of the pilot diaphragm valve is released to the atmosphere.

VX2

VXK

VXD VXZ

VXS

VXE

VXP

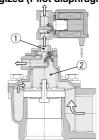
VXR

VXH

VX3

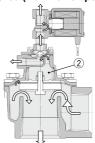
VXA

Energized (Pilot diaphragm valve open)



The pressure in the pressure action chamber ① of the pilot diaphragm valve decreases by releasing the fluid to the atmosphere. Because the force which pushes down the pilot diaphragm valve is reduced by the release of the fluid, the force that pushes up the pilot diaphragm valve overcomes the push down force and opens the pilot diaphragm valve. Then, the fluid filling the pressure action chamber ② of the main valve is released to the atmosphere.

Energized (Main valve open)



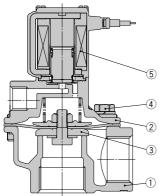
The pressure in the pressure action chamber ② of the main valve decreases by releasing the fluid to the atmosphere. Because the force which pushes down the main valve is reduced by the release of the fluid, the force that pushes up the main valve overcomes the push down force and opens the main valve.

VXF2/VXFA2 Series

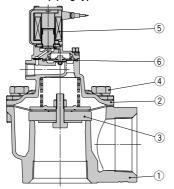
Construction

Solenoid Valve Type

VXF2 ¹/₃A□□/Direct piping type



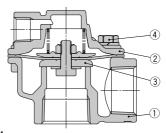
VXF2 ⁴₅ A□□/Direct piping type



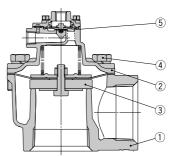
Component Parts (): For high temperature No. Description Material ADC 1 Body 2 Bonnet ADC NBR (FKM), POM (PTFE), Stainless steel Diaphragm assembly Upset bolt FE Pilot valve assembly 6 Diaphragm assembly for pilot valve NBR (FKM), Stainless steel

Air Operated Type

VXFA2 2 A □ □ / Direct piping type



VXFA2 ⁴ A□□/Direct piping type



Con	nponent Parts	(): For high temperature
No.	Description	Material
1	Body	ADC
2	Bonnet	ADC
3	Diaphragm assembly	NBR (FKM), POM (PTFE), Stainless steel
4	Upset bolt	FE
5	Diaphragm assembly for pilot valve	NBR (FKM)
		•

Replacement Parts (Direct piping type)

riepiacement r	arts (Direct piping	type)			
	Disabas and a second by Note 1)	Diaphragm assembly	y for pilot valve Note 1)	Sile	ncer
Model	Diaphragm assembly Note 1)	Solenoid valve type	Air operated type	Solenoid valve type	Air operated type
	(roi normal temperature/light temperature)	(For normal temperature/high temperature)			
VXF(A)21A(A,B,C,D)	VXF-21AA/VXF-21AC	_	_	AN20-02/EBKX-J2001-100	_
VXF(A)22A(A,B,C,D)	VXF-22AA/VXF-22AC	_	_	AN20-02/EBKX-J2001-100	_
VXF(A)23A(A,B,C,D)	VXF-23AA/VXF-23AC	_	_	AN20-02/EBKX-J2001-100	_
VXF(A)24A(A,B,C,D)	VXF-24AA/VXF-24AC	VXD30-3A-1A/VXD30-3A-F-1A	VXD30-3A-2A/VXD30-3A-F-2A	AN20-02/EBKX-J2001-100	AN20-02/EBKX-J2001-100
VXF(A)25A(A,B,C,D)	VXF-25AA/VXF-25AC	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	AN40-04/EBKX-J2003-120	AN40-04/EBKX-J2003-120
VXF(A)26A(A,C) Note 2)	VXF-26AA/VXF-26AC	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	_	_
VXF(A)26A(B,D) Note 2)	VXF-26AB/VXF-26AD	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	AN40-04/EBKX-J2003-120	AN40-04/EBKX-J2003-120

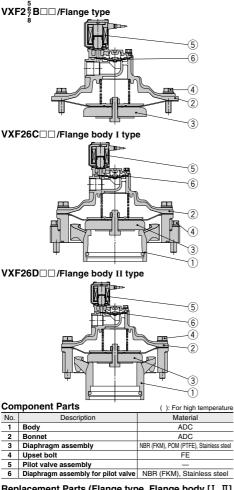
Note 1) Spring is shipped together with the product, but not assembled.

Note 2) When the VXF26 is ordered without a silencer, and a silencer is attached later by the user, the operation may become unstable while ON. When attaching a silencer later, be sure to replace the diaphragm assembly as well. When ordering a product with a silencer and is used without the silencer, the operation may become unstable while OFF. In this case, the diaphragm assembly should be replaced.

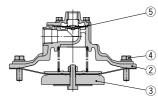
2 Port Solenoid Valve/Air Operated Valve For Dust Collector VXF2/VXFA2 Series

Construction

Solenoid Valve Type







VX2 VXK VXD VXZ VXS

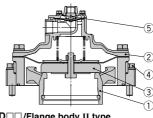
VXB VXE

VXP

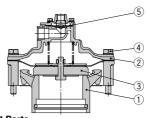
VXR VXH VXF VX3

VXA

VXFA26C□□/Flange body I type



VXFA26D□□/Flange body II type



Con	nponent Parts	(): For high temperature
No.	Description	Material
1	Body	ADC
2	Bonnet	ADC
3	Diaphragm assembly	NBR (FKM), POM (PTFE), Stainless steel
4	Upset bolt	FE
5	Diaphragm assembly for pilot valve	NBR (FKM), Stainless steel

ment Parts (Flance type Flance hody [T III] type)

Replacement P	arts (Flange type, Flang	je body [1, 11] type)		
	Diaphragm assembly Note 1)	Diaphragm assembly	y for pilot valve Note 1)	Silencer
Model	(For normal temporature/high temporature)	Solenoid valve type	Air operated type	
	(For normal temperature/high temperature)	(For normal temperature/high temperature)	(For normal temperature/high temperature)	(i or normal temperature/light temperature)
VXF(A)25B(A,B,C,D)	VXF-25AA/VXF-25AC	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	AN40-04/EBKX-J2003-120
VXF(A)26B(A,C) Note 2)	VXF-26BA/VXF-26BC	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	_
VXF(A)26B(B,D) Note 2)	VXF-26BB/VXF-26BD	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	AN40-04/EBKX-J2003-120
VXF(A)26C(A,C) Note 2)	VXF-26CA/VXF-26CC	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	_
VXF(A)26C(B,D) Note 2)	VXF-26CB/VXF-26CD	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	AN40-04/EBKX-J2003-120
VXF(A)26D(A,C) Note 2)	VXF-26CA/VXF-26CC	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	_
VXF(A)26D(B,D) Note 2)	VXF-26CB/VXF-26CD	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	AN40-04/EBKX-J2003-120
VXF(A)27B(A,B,C,D)	VXF-27BA/VXF-27BC	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	AN40-04/EBKX-J2003-120
VXF(A)28B(A,B,C,D)	VXF-28BA/VXF-28BC	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	AN40-04/EBKX-J2003-120

Note 1) Spring is shipped together with the product, but not assembled.

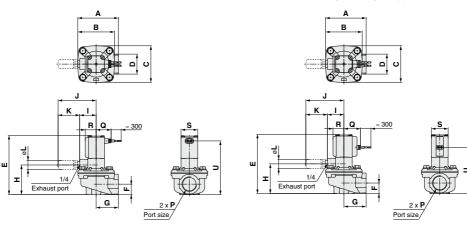
Note 2) When the VXF26 is ordered without a silencer, and a silencer is attached later by the user, the operation may become unstable while ON. When attaching a silencer later, be sure to replace the diaphragm assembly as well. When ordering a product with a silencer and is used without the silencer, the operation may become unstable while OFF. In this case, the diaphragm assembly should be replaced.



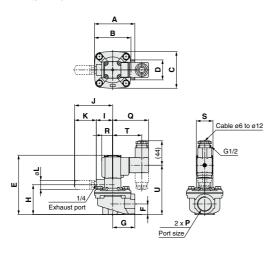
VXF2 Series

Grommet

Grommet (with surge voltage suppressor)



DIN terminal

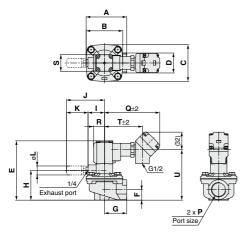


Dimensions (mi												(mm)		
Model	Port size	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	-	J	к	L	s
VXF21A□	3/4	73	66	66	36	107	19	40	53.5	29.5	68.5 (70.8)	39 (41.3)	16.5 (17)	30
VXF22A□	1	84	74	74	45	118	23.5	47	64.5	29.5	68.5 (70.8)	39 (41.3)	16.5 (17)	30
VXF23A□	1 1/2	132	110	110	63	154.5	35	77	95	32	71 (73.3)	39 (41.3)	16.5 (17)	35

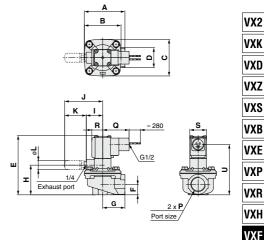
Model		Grommet		(with surge	Grommet e voltage s		DIN terminal				
	Q	R	U	Q	R	U	Q	R	U	Т	
VXF21A□	27	20	97	30	20	83.5	64.5	20	89	52.5	
VXF22A□	27	20	108	30	20	94.5	64.5	20	100	52.5	
VYF23A□	29.5	22	143.5	32.5	22	130	67	22	135.5	55	

^{* ():} When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected.

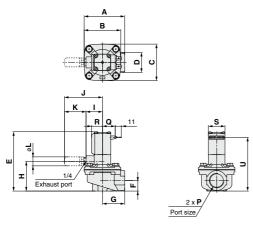
Conduit terminal



Conduit



Flat terminal



Dimensions (mm)														
Model	Port size	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	1	J	к	L	s
VXF21A□	3/4	73	66	66	36	107	19	40	53.5	29.5	68.5 (70.8)	39 (41.3)	16.5 (17)	30
VXF22A□	1	84	74	74	45	118	23.5	47	64.5	29.5	68.5 (70.8)	39 (41.3)	16.5 (17)	30
VXF23A□	1 1/2	132	110	110	63	154.5	35	77	95	32	71 (73.3)	39 (41.3)	16.5 (17)	35

Model		Conduit	terminal			Conduit		Flat terminal			
	Q	R	U	Т	Q	R	U	Q	R	U	
VXF21A□	99.5	20	91	68.5	47.5	20	91	23	20	97	
VXF22A□	99.5	20	102	68.5	47.5	20	102	23	20	108	
VXF23A□	102	22	137.5	71	50	22	137.5	25.5	22	143.5	

^{* ():} When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected.

VX3 VXA

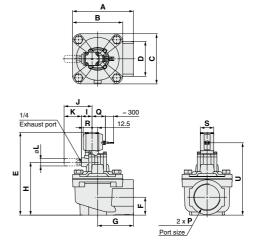
VXF2 Series

Dimensions: Direct piping type VXF24A □ □ □

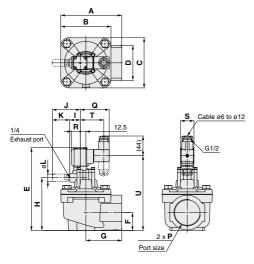
Grommet

Exhaust port Port size

Grommet (with surge voltage suppressor)



DIN terminal



Dimension	ns													(mm)
Model	Port size	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	1	J	к	L	s
VXF24A□	2	136	112	112	78	185	40	80	118	23.5	62.5 (64.8)	39 (41.3)	16.5 (17)	30
Model		Grommet		(with surg	Grommet e voltage su	uppressor)		DIN te	erminal					

20 * (): When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected

175

352

VXF24A□

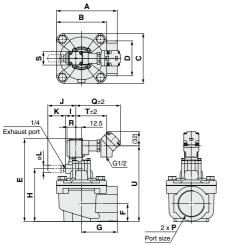


161.5

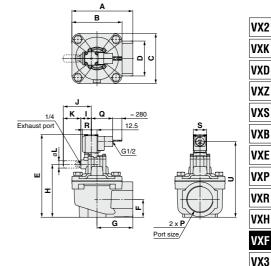
64.5

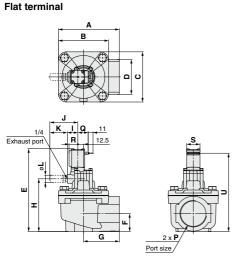
Direct piping type VXF24A **Dimensions:**

Conduit terminal



Conduit





Dimensions (mm)														
Model	Port size	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	1	J	к	L	s
VXF24A□	2	136	112	112	78	185	40	80	118	23.5	62.5 (64.8)	39 (41.3)	16.5 (17)	30
Model	Conduit terminal					Conduit		F	lat termina	al				
	Q	R	U	Т	Q	R	U	Q	R	U				
VXF24A□	99.5	20	169	68.5	47.5	20	169	23	20	175				

^{* ():} When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected

VXD VXZ

VXE

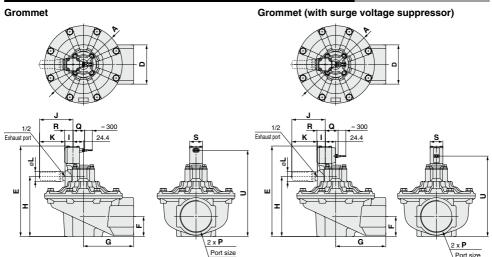
VXR VXH

VXF

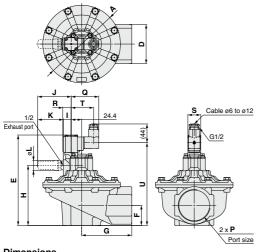
VXA

VXF2 Series

Dimensions: Direct piping type VXF25A □ □ □ /26A □ □



DIN terminal



Dimension	15											(mm)
Model	Port size	A	D	E	F	G	Н	ı	J	к	L	s
VXF25A□	2 1/2	182	92	212	47	117.5	141	18.6	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30
VXF26A□	3	206	102	247	63	119	176	18.6	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30
		Crammat			Grommet			DINA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Model		Citiminet		(with surg	e voltage sı	ippressor)	Diri terminar				
	Q	R	U	Q	R	U	Q	R	U	Т	
VXF25A□	27	20	202	30	20	188.5	64.5	20	194	52.5	
VXF26A□	27	20	237	30	20	223.5	64.5	20	229	52.5	

^{* ():} When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected.

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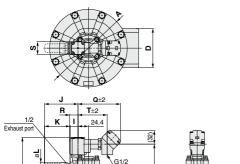


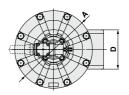
Dimensions:

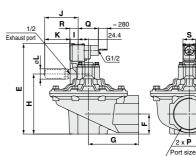
Port size

Conduit terminal

Conduit







VXS VXB VXE

VX2 VXK VXD VXZ

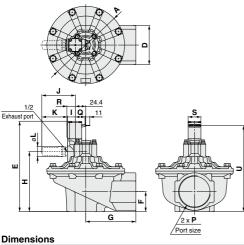
VXP **VXR**

VXH

VXF

VX3 VXA

Flat terminal



D :	 _	 :-	ns	

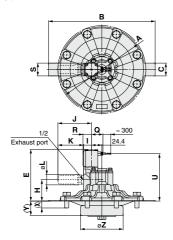
D	imensior	าร											(mm)
	Model	Port size	A	D	E	F	G	н	ı	J	к	L	s
١	/XF25A□	2 1/2	182	92	212	47	117.5	141	18.6	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30
١	/XF26A□	3	206	102	247	63	119	176	18.6	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30
			Conduit	terminal			Conduit			Flat termina	1		

Model		Conduit	terminal			Conduit			Flat termina	I
	Q	R	U	T	Q	R	U	Q	R	U
VXF25A□	99.5	20	196	68.5	47.5	20	196	23	20	202
VXF26A□	99.5	20	231	68.5	47.5	20	231	23	20	237

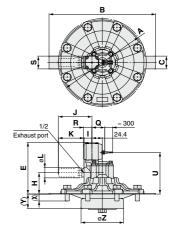
^{* ():} When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected

Dimensions: Flange type VXF25B | 0/26B | 0/27B | 0/28B | 0

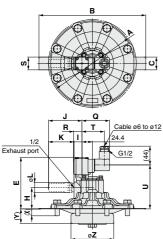
Grommet



Grommet (with surge voltage suppressor)



DIN terminal



Note) Refer to page 358 for the dimensions on the mounting side.

Dimension	าร												(mm)
Model	A	В	С	E	н	1	x	Y	z	J	к	L	s
VXF25B□	182		_	118	47	18.6	17	18.3	90	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30
VXF26B□	206	250	30	121	50	18.6	17	34	100	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30
VXF27B□	206	250	30	121	50	18.6	17	34	110	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30
VXF28B□	206	250	30	121	50	18.6	17	34	120	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30

Model		Grommet		(with surge	Grommet voltage s	uppressor)		DIN te	erminal	
	Q	R	U	Q	R	U	Q	R	U	Т
VXF25B□	27	20	108	30	20	94.5	64.5	20	100	52.5
VXF26B□	27	20	111	30	20	97.5	64.5	20	103	52.5
VXF27B□	27	20	111	30	20	97.5	64.5	20	103	52.5
VXF28B□	27 20 111			30	20	97.5	64.5	20	103	52.5

^{* ():} When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected.

VX2 VXK VXD VXZ VXS

VXB

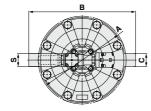
VXE

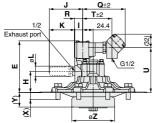
VXP VXR VXH

VXF

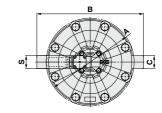
VX3 VXA

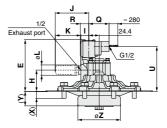
Conduit terminal



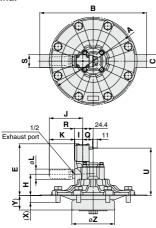


Conduit





Flat terminal



Note) Refer to page 358 for the dimensions on the mounting side.

im		

Dimension	าร												(mm)
Model	A	В	С	E	н	ı	х	Y	z	J	к	L	s
VXF25B□	182	_	_	118	47	18.6	17	18.3	90	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30
VXF26B□	206	250	30	121	50	18.6	17	34	100	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30
VXF27B□	206	250	30	121	50	18.6	17	34	110	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30
VXF28B□	206	250	30	121	50	18.6	17	34	120	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30

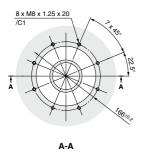
Model		Conduit	terminal			Conduit		F	lat termina	ıl
	Q	R	U	Т	Q	R	U	Q	R	U
VXF25B□	99.5	20	102	68.5	47.5	20	102	23	20	108
VXF26B□	99.5	20	105	68.5	47.5	20	105	23	20	111
VXF27B□	99.5	20	105	68.5	47.5	20	105	23	20	111
VXF28B□	99.5	20	105	68.5	47.5	20	105	23	20	111

^{* ():} When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected.

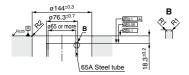
VXF2 Series

Dimensions on the Mounting Side: Flange type

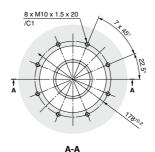
VXF25B□□□



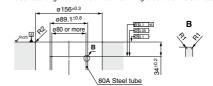
The surface roughness of the orifice machining should be Rz6.3 or less.



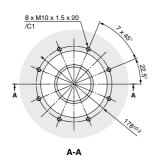
VXF26B□□□



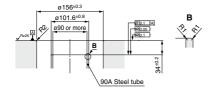
The surface roughness of the orifice machining should be Rz6.3 or less.



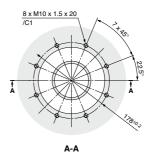
VXF27B□□□



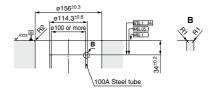
The surface roughness of the orifice machining should be Rz6.3 or less.



VXF28B□□□

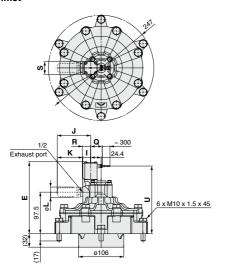


The surface roughness of the orifice machining should be Rz6.3 or less.

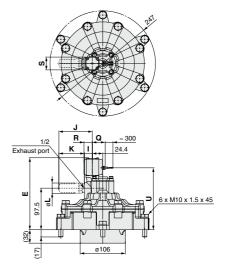


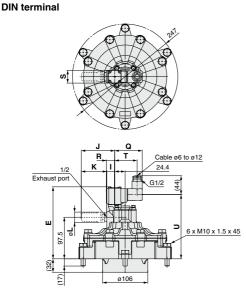
Dimensions: Flange body I type VXF26C D

Grommet



Grommet (with surge voltage suppressor)





Note) Refer to page 363 for the dimensions on the mounting side.

Dimension	าร															(mm)
Model	E	ı	J	к	L	s		Gromme	t	(with surg	Grommet e voltage su			DIN te	erminal	
							Q	R	U	Q	R	U	Q	R	U	Т
VXF26C□	169	18.6	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30	27	20	159	30	20	145	64.5	20	151	52.5

 $[\]ast$ (): When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected

VX2
VXK
VXD
VXZ
VXS

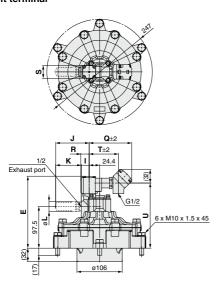
VXE VXP

VXR VXH VXF

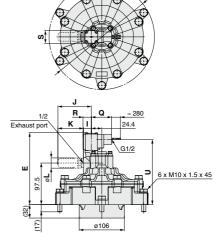
VX3 VXA

Dimensions: Flange body I type VXF26C□□□

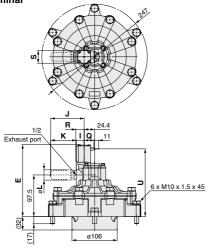
Conduit terminal



Conduit



Flat terminal



Note) Refer to page 363 for the dimensions on the mounting side.

Dimension	าร															(mm)
Model	E	ı	J	к	L	s		Conduit	terminal			Conduit		Flat	terminal	type
							Q	R	U	Т	Q	R	U	Q	R	U
VXF26C□	169	18.6	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30	99.5	20	153	68.5	47.5	20	153	23	20	159

* (): When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected.

VX2 VXK VXD VXZ VXS

VXB

VXE

VXP

VXR VXH

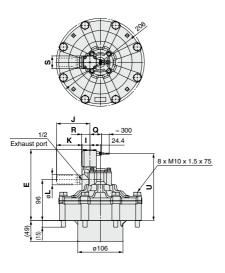
VXF

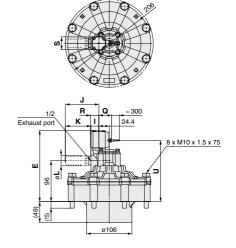
VX3 VXA

Dimensions: Flange body II type VXF26D

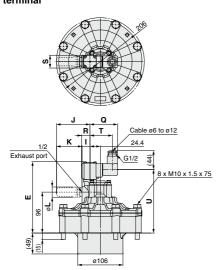
Grommet

Grommet (with surge voltage suppressor)





DIN terminal



Note) Refer to page 363 for the dimensions on the mounting side.

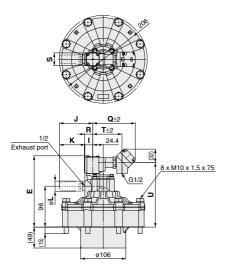
Dimension	าร															(mm)
Model	E	ı	J	к	L	s		Gromme	t	(with surg	Gromme e voltage s			DIN te	rminal	
							Q	R	U	Q	R	U	Q	R	U	Т
VXF26D□	167	18.6	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30	27	20	157	30	20	143.5	64.5	20	149	52.5

VXF2 Series

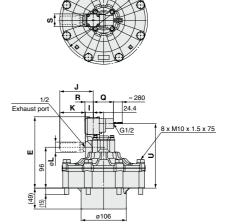
Dimensions:

Flange body II type _{VXF26D□□□}

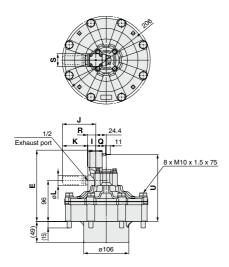
Conduit terminal



Conduit



Flat terminal



Note) Refer to page 363 for the dimensions on the mounting side.

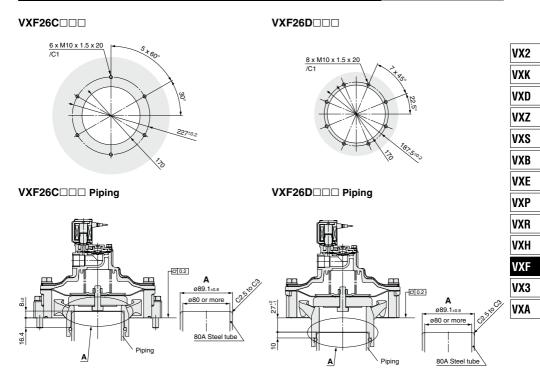
Dimensior	าร															(mm)
Model	Е	ı	J	к	L	s		Conduit	terminal			Conduit		Flat	terminal	type
							Q	R	U	Т	Q	R	U	Q	R	U
VXF26D□	167	18.6	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30	99.5	20	151	68.5	47.5	20	151	23	20	157

* (): When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected.

362



Dimensions on the Mounting Side: Flange body I/II type

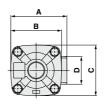


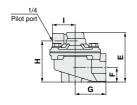
^{*} Machine the mounting surface shape so that there are no gaps between the mounting surface and the product. Refer to page 373 for details.

VXFA2 Series

Dimensions: Direct piping type

VXFA21A VXFA22A□□□ VXFA23A□□□

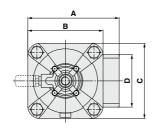


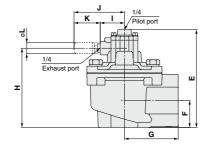


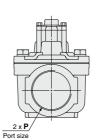


Dimensions	Port size														
Model	Port size P	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	ı					
VXFA21A□	3/4	73	66	66	36	64.5	19	40	53.5	29.5					
VXFA22A□	1	84	74	74	45	74.5	23.5	47	64.5	29.5					
VXFA23A□	1 1/2	132	110	110	63	106	35	77	95	32					

VXFA24A□□□







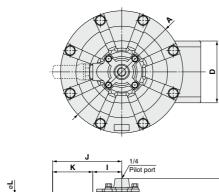
Dimensions

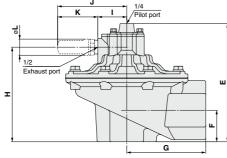
Dimensions													(mm)
Model	Port size	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	1	J	к	L
VXFA24A□	2	136	112	112	78	145.5	40	80	118	36	75 (77.8)	39 (41.3)	16.5 (17)

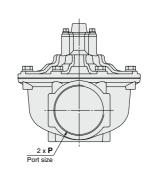
^{* ():} When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected

Direct piping type

VXFA25A□□□
VXFA26A□□□







D	imensions											(mm)
	Model	Port size	Α	D	E	F	G	Н	1	J	к	L
	VXFA25A□	2 1/2	182	92	176	47	117.5	141	43	102.8 (94.6)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)
П	VXFA26A□	3	206	102	211	63	119	176	43	102.8 (94.6)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)

^{* ():} When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected.

VX2

VXK

VXD VXZ

VXS

VXB

VXE

VXP

VXR VXH

VXF

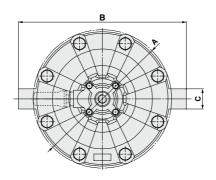
VX3

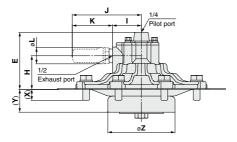
VXA

VXFA2 Series

Dimensions: Flange type

VXFA25B□□□ VXFA26B□□□ VXFA27B□□□ VXFA28B□□□





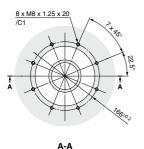
Note) Refer to page 367 for the dimensions on the mounting side.

Dimensions (mm)												
Model	Α	В	С	E	Υ	х	Н	1	J	к	L	z
VXFA25B□	182	_	_	82	18.3	17	47	43	102.8 (94.6)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	90
VXFA26B□	206	250	30	85	34	17	50	43	102.8 (94.6)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	100
VXFA27B□	206	250	30	85	34	17	50	43	102.8 (94.6)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	110
VXF∆28B□	206	250	30	85	34	17	50	43	102 8 (94 6)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	120

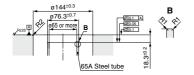
^{* ():} When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected.

Dimensions on the Mounting Side: Flange type

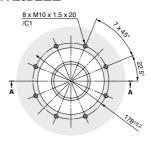
VXFA25B□□□



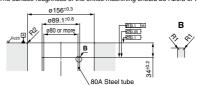
The surface roughness of the orifice machining should be Rz6.3 or less.



VXFA26B□□□



The surface roughness of the orifice machining should be Rz6.3 or less.



VX2

VXK

VXD VXZ

vxs

VXB

VXE

VXP

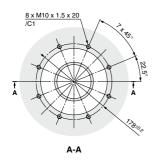
VXR

VXF

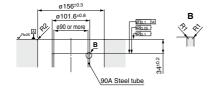
VX3

VXA

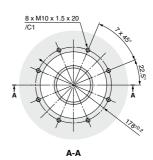
VXFA27B□□□



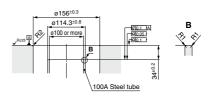
The surface roughness of the orifice machining should be Rz6.3 or less.



VXFA28B□□□



The surface roughness of the orifice machining should be Rz6.3 or less.



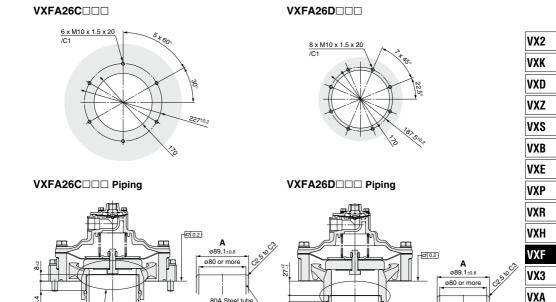
VXFA2 Series

Dimensions: Flange body I/II type

VXFA26D VXFA26

Note) Refer to page 369 for the dimensions on the mounting side. Refer to page 366 for J, K, L dimensions.

Dimensions on the Mounting Side: Flange body I/II type



0

80A Steel tube

Piping

* Machine the mounting surface shape so that there are no gaps between the mounting surface and the product. Refer to page 373 for details.

80A Steel tube



Dedicated Controller For Operation/VXFC Series

How to Order Controller

VXFC 06 D

Number of output points ✓

6 output points10 output points

 Voltage

 D
 24 to 48 VDC

 D-6
 12 VDC

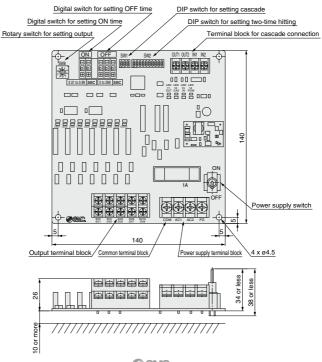
 A
 85 to 240 VAC

Specifications

Model		VXFC 16 A	VXFC 16 D	VXFC 10 D-6			
Input voltage		85 to 240 VAC	24 to 48 VDC	12 VDC			
Output voltage		Same as input voltage					
ON		0.01 to 0.99 sec					
Time setting	OFF	0 to 299 sec					
	Time accuracy	±2%					
Number of o	utputs	6 to 10 points					
Operating ambi	ent temperature	0 to 50°C (No condensation allowed)					
Operating ambient humidity		45 to 80% (No condensation allowed)					
Output current		0.5 A or less	0.5 A or less	0.5 A or less			
Power supply fuse		3 A	1 A	1 A			



Dimensions



VXF(A) Series Glossary of Terms

Pressure Terminology

1. Maximum operating pressure differential

The maximum pressure differential (the difference between the inlet and outlet pressure) which is allowed for operation. When the outlet pressure is 0 MPa, this becomes the maximum operating pressure.

2. Minimum operating pressure differential

The minimum pressure differential (the difference between the inlet pressure and outlet pressure) required to keep the main valve fully open.

3. Maximum system pressure

The maximum pressure that can be applied inside the pipelines (line pressure).

[The pressure differential of the solenoid valve portion must not exceed the maximum operating pressure differential.]

4. Withstand pressure

The pressure in which the valve must be withstood without a drop in performance after holding for one minute under prescribed pressure and returning to the operating pressure range. [value under the prescribed conditions]

Electrical Terminology

1. Apparent power (VA)

Volt-ampere is the product of voltage (V) and current (A). Power consumption (W): For AC, $W = V \cdot A \cdot \cos \theta$. For DC, $W = V \cdot A$.

Note) $\cos \theta$ shows power factor. $\cos \theta \approx 0.9$

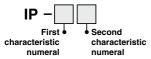
2. Surge voltage

A high voltage which is momentarily generated by shutting off the power in the shut-off area.

3. Degree of protection

A degree defined in the "JIS C 0920: Waterproof test of electric machinery/appliance and the degree of protection against the intrusion of solid foreign objects."

Verify the degree of protection for each product.



First Characteristics:

Degrees of protection against solid foreign objects

	begrees of protection against solid foreign objects					
0	Non-protected					
1	Protected against solid foreign objects of 50 mmø and greater					
2	Protected against solid foreign objects of 12 mmø and greater					
3	Protected against solid foreign objects of 2.5 mmø and greater					
4	Protected against solid foreign objects of 1.0 mmø and greater					
5	Dust-protected					
6	Dust-tight					

Electrical Terminology

Second Characteristics: Degrees of protection against water

0	Non-protected	_
1	Protected against vertically falling water drops	Dripproof type 1
2	Protected against vertically falling water drops when enclosure tilted up to 15°	Dripproof type 2
3	Protected against rainfall when enclosure tilted up to 60°	Rainproof type
4	Protected against splashing water	Splashproof type
5	Protected against water jets	Water-jet-proof type
6	Protected against powerful water jets	Powerful water-jet-proof type
7	Protected against the effects of temporary immersion in water	Immersible type
8	Protected against the effects of continuous immersion in water	Submersible type

Example) IP65: Dust-tight, Water-jet-proof type

"Water-jet-proof type" means that no water intrudes inside an equipment that could hinder from operating normally by means of applying water for 3 minutes in the prescribed manner. Take appropriate protection measures, since a device is not usable in an environment where a droplet of water is splashed constantly.

Others

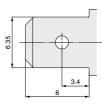
1. Material

NBR: Nitrile rubber FKM: Fluoro rubber

2. Symbol

Flat Terminal

Flat terminal/Electrical connection size of molded coil





VX2

VXK VXD

VXZ

VXS

VXE

VXP

WVL

VXF

VX3

VXA



Be sure to read this before handling the products.

Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions and pages 17 to 19 for 2 Port Solenoid Valve for Fluid Control Precautions.

2 Port Solenoid Valve For Dust Collector VXF2/VXFA2 Series

Design

⚠ Warning

1. Cannot be used as an emergency shutoff valve etc.

The valves presented in this catalog are not designed for safety applications such as an emergency shutoff valve. If the valves are used in this type of system, other reliable safety assurance measures should also be adopted.

2. Extended periods of continuous energization

This is a valve for pulse operation. Do not energize it continuously. Since a large amount of air is consumed, the diaphragm will oscillate (chatter) due to insufficient air supply on the inlet side, and this can lead to failure.

3. When the conduit type is used as equivalent to an IP65 enclosure, install a wiring conduit etc.

Silencer

⚠ Caution

- The silencer's response properties do not change in the initial stage, but will change due to the blockage after long use. Replace it after using about 500,000 times. This number is subject to change based on fluid quality and energizing time.
- 2. When using a silencer, make space for silencer replacement.

Selection

⚠ Warning

1. Air quality

1. Use clean air.

Do not use compressed air that contains chemicals, synthetic oils including organic solvents, salt or corrosive gases, etc., as it can cause damage or malfunction.

2. Install an air filter.

Install an air filter close to the valve on the upstream side. A filtration degree of 5 µm or less should be selected.

3. Install an aftercooler or air dryer, etc.

Compressed air that contains excessive drainage may cause malfunction of valves and other pneumatic equipment. To prevent this, install an aftercooler or air dryer, etc.

 If excessive carbon powder is generated, eliminate it by installing a mist separator on the upstream side of valves.

If excessive carbon powder is generated by the compressor, it may adhere to the inside of the valves and cause a malfunction.

Refer to the Best Pneumatics No. 5 for further details on compressed air quality.

Selection

⚠ Warning

2. Ambient environment

Use within the allowable ambient temperature range. Check the compatibility between the product's composition materials and the ambient atmosphere. Be certain that the fluid used does not touch the external surface of the product.

3. Countermeasures against static electricity

Take measures to prevent static electricity since some fluids can cause static electricity.

4. Low temperature operation

- The valve can be used in fluid temperatures down to -10°C.
 However, take measures to prevent freezing or solidification of impurities, etc.
- 2. When using the valve in cold climates, take appropriate countermeasures to prevent freezing in tubing by draining the water etc. When warming by a heater etc., be careful not to expose the coil portion to a heater. Installation of a dryer, heat retaining of the body is recommended to prevent a freezing condition in which the dew point temperature is high and the ambient temperature is low, and the high flow runs.

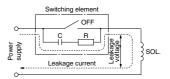
5. Fluid properties

Use a general compressed air with a filter of 5 μm or less mounted on the inlet of the piping. (Excluding dry air)

⚠ Caution

1. Leakage voltage

When the solenoid valve is operated using the controller, etc., the leakage voltage should be the product allowable leakage voltage or less. Particularly when using a resistor in parallel with a switching element and using a C-R element (surge voltage suppressor) to protect the switching element, take note that leakage current will flow through the resistor, C-R element, etc., creating a possible danger that the valve may not turn off.



AC coil: 5% or less of rated voltage DC coil: 2% or less of rated voltage

- The response performance and start-up speed deteriorate in the case of air operated type (VXFA2) as compared with a solenoid valve type (VXF2). Refer to the data for pilot piping.
- Note that for DC, idle time and return time increase if the voltage is lowered.If a surge voltage suppressor is installed, the return speed decreases.



Be sure to read this before handling the products.

Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions and pages 17 to 19 for 2 Port Solenoid Valve for Fluid Control Precautions.

2 Port Solenoid Valve For Dust Collector VXF2/VXFA2 Series

Mounting

⚠ Warning

If air leakage increases or equipment does not operate properly, stop operation.

After mounting is completed, confirm that it has been done correctly by performing a suitable function test.

Do not apply external force to the coil section.
 When tightening is performed, apply a wrench or other tool to the outside of the piping connection parts.

3. Mount a valve with its coil position upward, not downward. When mounting a valve with its coil position downward, foreign objects in the fluid will adhere to the iron core leading to a malfunction. Especially for strict leakage control, such as with vacuum applications and non-leak specifications, the coil must be positioned upward.

4. Do not warm the coil assembly with a heat insulator etc. Use tape, heaters, etc., for freeze prevention on the piping and body only. They can cause the coil to burn out.

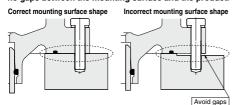
Avoid sources of vibration, or adjust the arm from the body to the minimum length so that resonance will not occur.

6. Painting and coating

Warnings or specifications printed or labeled on the product should not be erased, removed or covered up.

∧ Caution

 Machine the mounting surface shape so that there are no gaps between the mounting surface and the product.



Piping

⚠ Warning

 During use, deterioration of the tube or damage to the fittings could cause tubes to come loose from their fittings and thrash about.

To prevent uncontrolled tube movement, install protective covers or fasten tubes securely in place.

For piping the tube, fix the product securely using the mounting holes so that the product is not in the air.

Piping

VX2

VXK

VXD

VXZ

VXS

VXB

VXE

VXP

VXR

VX3

VXA

⚠ Caution

1. Preparation before piping

Before piping is connected, it should be thoroughly blown out with air (flushing) or washed to remove chips, cutting oil and other debris from inside the pipe.

Install piping so that it does not apply pulling, pressing, bending or other forces on the valve body.

Avoid connecting ground lines to piping, as this may cause electric corrosion of the system.

3. Always tighten threads with the proper tightening torque. When attaching fittings to valves, tighten with the proper tightening torque shown below.

Tightening Torque for Piping							
Connection thread	Proper tightening torque	N⋅m					
Rc1/4	12 to 14						
Rc3/8	22 to 24						
Rc1/2	28 to 30						
Rc3/4	28 to 30						
Rc1	36 to 38						
Rc1 1/2	40 to 42						
Rc2	48 to 50						
Rc2 1/2	48 to 50						
Rc3	48 to 50						

4. When connecting piping to a product

Avoid mistakes regarding the supply port etc.

- 5. If a regulator, or a restrictor, is installed immediately before or after the IN port of the valve, the main valve may oscillate (chatter). Install them away from the valve or change the restriction.
- 6. The header tank capacity should be sufficient. This is a valve for large flow rate, so if the capacity is small, the main valve may oscillate due to pressure drop or insufficient air supply.

Wiring

⚠ Caution

 As a rule, use electrical wire with a cross sectional area of 0.5 to 1.25 mm² for wiring.
 Furthermore, do not allow excessive force to be

applied to the lines.

- 2. Use electrical circuits which do not generate chattering in their contacts.
- 3. Use voltage which is within $\pm 10\%$ of the rated voltage. In cases with a DC power supply where importance is placed on responsiveness, stay within $\pm 5\%$ of the rated value. The voltage drop is the value in the lead wire section connecting the coil.
- 4. When a surge from the solenoid affects the electrical circuitry, install a surge voltage suppressor etc. in parallel with the solenoid. Or, adopt an option that comes with the surge voltage protection circuit. (However, a surge voltage occurs even if the surge voltage protection circuit is used. For details, please consult with SMC.)

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2 Port Solenoid Valve For Dust Collector VXF2/VXFA2 Series

Operating Environment

⚠ Warning

- Do not use in an atmosphere having corrosive gases, chemicals, sea water, water, water vapor, or where there is direct contact with any of these.
- 2. Do not use in explosive atmospheres.
- 3. Do not use in locations subject to vibration or impact.
- 4. Do not use in locations where radiated heat will be received from nearby heat sources.
- Employ suitable protective measures in locations where there is contact with water droplets, oil or welding spatter, etc.

Maintenance

.Marning

1. Removing the product

The valve becomes hot depending on the fluid temperature. Confirm that the valve temperature has dropped sufficiently before performing work. If touched inadvertently, there is a danger of being burned.

- Shut off the fluid supply and release the fluid pressure in the system.
- 2. Shut off the power supply.
- 3. Remove the product.

2. Low frequency operation

Switch valves at least once every 30 days to prevent malfunction. Also, in order to use it under the optimum state, conduct a regular inspection once a half year.

⚠ Caution

1. Filters

- 1. Be careful regarding clogging of filters.
- 2. Replace filter elements after one year of use, or earlier if the pressure drop reaches 0.1 MPa.

2. Storage

In case of long term storage after use, thoroughly remove all moisture to prevent rust and deterioration of rubber materials etc.

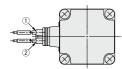
3. Exhaust the drainage from an air filter periodically.

Electrical Connections

⚠ Caution

■ Grommet

Class B coil: AWG20 Outside insulator diameter of 2.5 mm



Rated voltage	Lead wire color			
nateu voltage	1	2		
DC	Black	Red		
100 VAC	Blue	Blue		
200 VAC	Red	Red		
Other AC	Gray	Gray		

* There is no polarity

Electrical Connections

⚠ Caution

■ DIN terminal

Disassembly

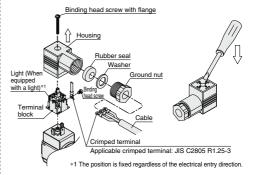
- After loosening the binding head screw with flange, then if the housing is pulled in the direction of the arrow, the connector will be removed from the solenoid valve.
- 2. Pull out the binding head screw with flange from the housing.
- There is a cutout on the bottom of the terminal block. Insert a small flat head screwdriver, etc. into this cutout, and remove the terminal block from the housing. (See figure below.)
- 4. Remove the ground nut, and pull out the washer and the rubber seal.

Wiring

- Pass the cable through the ground nut, washer and rubber seal in this order, and insert these parts into the housing.
- 2. Loosen the binding head screw of the terminal block, then insert the core wire or the crimped terminal of the lead wire into the terminal, and securely fix it with the binding head screw. The binding head screw of the terminal block is M3. Note 1) Tighten the screw to a torque of between 0.5 and 0.6 N·m. Note 2) Cable O.D.: ø6 to ø12 mm
 - Note 3) For an outside cable diameter of ø9 to 12 mm, remove the internal parts of the rubber seal before using.

Assembly

- Pass the cable through the ground nut, washer, rubber seal and the housing in this order, and connect to the terminal block. Then, set the terminal block inside the housing. (Push in the terminal block until it snaps into position.)
- Insert the rubber seal and the washer in this order into the cable entry of the housing, and then tighten the ground nut securely.
- 3. Insert the gasket between the bottom part of the terminal block and the plug attached to the equipment, and then insert the binding head screw with flange from the top of the housing, and tighten it. Note 1) Tighten the screw to a torque of between 0.5 and 0.6 N·m.
 - Note 2) The orientation of the connector can be changed in steps of 90° by changing the method of assembling the housing and the terminal block.





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2 Port Solenoid Valve For Dust Collector VXF2/VXFA2 Series

Electrical Connections

⚠ Caution

Internal connections are as shown below. Make connections to the power supply accordingly.



Terminal no.	1	2
DIN terminal	+ (-)	- (+)

* There is no polarity.

■ Conduit terminal

Disassembly

 Loosen the mounting screw, and remove the terminal cover from the conduit terminal.

Wiring

- 1. Insert the cable into the conduit terminal.
- Loosen the screw with UP terminal of the conduit terminal, then insert the core wire or the crimped terminal of the lead wire into the terminal, and securely fix it with the screw with UP terminal. Note 1) Tighten the screw to a torque of between 0.5 and 0.6 N·m.

Assembly

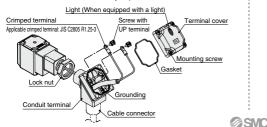
 Insert the gasket into the conduit terminal, and then clamp the terminal cover with the mounting screw.

Note 1) Tighten the screw to a torque of between 0.5 and 0.6 N·m.

Note 2) When changing the orientation of the conduit terminal,
carry out the following procedure.

- Apply a tool (monkey wrench, spanner, etc.) to the width across flats of the conduit terminal, and turn the terminal in the counterclockwise direction.
- 2. Loosen the lock nut.
- Turn the conduit terminal in the clamping direction (clockwise direction) to about 15° ahead of the desired position.
- 4. Turn the lock nut by hand to the coil side until it is lightly tightened.
- Apply a tool to the width across flats of the conduit terminal, and turn it to the desired position (through an angle of about 15°) so as to clamp the conduit terminal.

Note) When changing the orientation by applying additional tightening force to the conduit terminal from the factory-set position, turn no more than one half a turn.

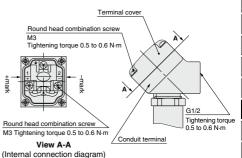


∧ Caution

■ Conduit terminal

Make connections according to the marks shown below.

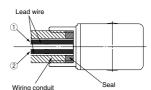
- Use the tightening torques below for each section.
- Properly seal the terminal connection (G1/2) with the special wiring conduit etc.



■ Conduit

When used as an IP65 equivalent, use seal to install the wiring conduit. Also, use the tightening torque below for the conduit.

Class B coil: AWG20 Outside insulator diameter of 2.5 mm



(Port size G1/2 Tightening torque 0.5 to 0.6 N·m)

Dated voltage	Lead wire color		
Rated voltage	1	2	
DC	Black	Red	
100 VAC	Blue	Blue	
200 VAC	Red	Red	
Other AC	Gray	Gray	

^{*} There is no polarity.

Description	Part no.
Seal	VCW20-15-6

Note) Please order separately.

VX2

VXK

VXD

VXZ

VXS

VXB

VXE

VXP

VXR

VXH

VXF

VX3

VXA



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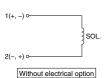
2 Port Solenoid Valve For Dust Collector VXF2/VXFA2 Series

Electrical Circuits

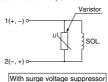
∧ Caution

[DC circuit]

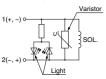
Grommet, Flat terminal



Grommet, DIN terminal, Conduit terminal, Conduit



DIN terminal, Conduit terminal



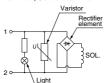
With light and surge voltage suppressor

[AC circuit]

Grommet, DIN terminal Conduit terminal, Conduit



DIN terminal, Conduit terminal



Without electrical option

With light and surge voltage suppressor

Dedicated Controller For Operation VXFC Series

Wiring

⚠ Warning

 The controller starts its output the moment the power switch is turned ON. Be aware that even if the power switch is turned OFF, power is connected to the terminal block.

. Caution

- Make sure that the power supply voltage to be input matches the voltage in the controller's specifications. The power supply voltage that has been input becomes the voltage that is output to the solenoid valves.
- Connect a ground that is rated Class 3 or greater to the power supply terminal block's FG.
- **3.** If the power source is DC, use caution to its polarity. If the polarity is incorrect, it may result in a malfunction or damage.
- 4. For details, refer to the separate Operation Manual.
- The solenoid valve mounted on the controller should be equipped with a surge voltage suppressor.

Operating Environment

⚠ Warning

- 1. Operate under conditions that are free of vibration and impact.
- 2. Operate in an ambient temperature range between 0°C and $50^{\circ}\text{C}.$
- Operate in an ambient humidity range between 45% to 85% (with no condensation).